

Meeting of the

LICENSING SUB COMMITTEE

Tuesday, 14 September 2010 at 6.30 p.m.

AGENDA

VENUE M71, 7th Floor, Town Hall, Mulberry Place, 5 Clove Crescent, London, E14 2BG

Members: Ward Represented

Chair: Councillor Amy Whitelock Mile End & Globe Town; Councillor Carlo Gibbs Bethnal Green North;

Councillor David Snowdon Millwall;

If you require any further information relating to this meeting, would like to request a large print, Braille or audio version of this document, or would like to discuss access arrangements or any other special requirements, please contact:

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LICENSING SUB COMMITTEE

Tuesday, 14 September 2010

6.30 p.m.

1. APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE

To receive any apologies for absence.

2. DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST (Pages 1 - 2)

To note any declarations of interest made by Members, including those restricting Members from voting on the questions detailed in Section 106 of the Local Government Finance Act, 1992. See attached note from the Chief Executive.

		PAGE NUMBER	WARD(S) AFFECTED
3.	RULES OF PROCEDURE	3 - 14	
	To note the rules of procedure which are attached for information.		
4.	ITEMS FOR CONSIDERATION		
4 .1	Application to Review the Premises Licence for Cornucopia Market, 246 Tredegar Road, London E3 2GP (LSC 27/011)	15 - 80	Bow East;
4 .2	Application for New Premises Licence for Favourite Chicken Ribs, 255 Bethnal Green Road, London, E2 6AH (LSC 28/011)	81 - 140	Weavers;
5.	ANY OTHER BUSINESS THAT THE CHAIR CONSIDERS URGENT		

Agenda Item 2

DECLARATIONS OF INTERESTS - NOTE FROM THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE

This note is guidance only. Members should consult the Council's Code of Conduct for further details. Note: Only Members can decide if they have an interest therefore they must make their own decision. If in doubt as to the nature of an interest it is advisable to seek advice prior to attending at a meeting.

Declaration of interests for Members

Where Members have a personal interest in any business of the authority as described in paragraph 4 of the Council's Code of Conduct (contained in part 5 of the Council's Constitution) then s/he must disclose this personal interest as in accordance with paragraph 5 of the Code. Members must disclose the existence and nature of the interest at the start of the meeting and certainly no later than the commencement of the item or where the interest becomes apparent.

You have a **personal interest** in any business of your authority where it relates to or is likely to affect:

- (a) An interest that you must register
- (b) An interest that is not on the register, but where the well-being or financial position of you, members of your family, or people with whom you have a close association, is likely to be affected by the business of your authority more than it would affect the majority of inhabitants of the ward affected by the decision.

Where a personal interest is declared a Member may stay and take part in the debate and decision on that item.

What constitutes a prejudicial interest? - Please refer to paragraph 6 of the adopted Code of Conduct.

Your personal interest will also be a prejudicial interest in a matter if (a), (b) and either (c) or (d) below apply:-

- (a) A member of the public, who knows the relevant facts, would reasonably think that your personal interests are so significant that it is likely to prejudice your judgment of the public interests; AND
- The matter does not fall within one of the exempt categories of decision listed in (b) paragraph 6.2 of the Code; AND EITHER
- The matter affects your financial position or the financial interest of a body with which (c) you are associated; or
- The matter relates to the determination of a licensing or regulatory application (d)

The key points to remember if you have a prejudicial interest in a matter being discussed at a meeting:-

- i. You must declare that you have a prejudicial interest, and the nature of that interest, as soon as that interest becomes apparent to you; and
- ii. You must leave the room for the duration of consideration and decision on the item and not seek to influence the debate or decision unless (iv) below applies; and

- iii. You must not seek to <u>improperly influence</u> a decision in which you have a prejudicial interest.
- iv. If Members of the public are allowed to speak or make representations at the meeting, give evidence or answer questions about the matter, by statutory right or otherwise (e.g. planning or licensing committees), you can declare your prejudicial interest but make representations. However, you must immediately leave the room once you have finished your representations and answered questions (if any). You cannot remain in the meeting or in the public gallery during the debate or decision on the matter.

TOWER HAMLETS



LICENSING COMMITTEE

RULES OF PROCEDURE
GOVERNING APPLICATIONS FOR
PREMISES LICENCES
AND OTHER PERMISSIONS
UNDER THE LICENSING ACT 2003

1. Interpretation

- 1.1 These Procedures describe the way in which hearings will be conducted under the Licensing Act 2003, as set out in the Licensing Act 2003 (Hearings) Regulations 2005 (as amended). The Procedures take into account the Licensing Act (Premises Licences and Club Premises Certificates) Regulations 2005. The Procedures also include the time limits within which a hearing must commence (see Appendix A) and will be used by the Licensing Committee and Licensing Sub-Committee when conducting hearings.
- 1.2 The Hearings Regulations provide (Regulation 21) that a Licensing Authority shall, subject to the provisions of those Regulations, determine for itself the procedure to be followed at a hearing.
- 1.3 These Procedures, therefore, set out the way in which Licensing Sub-Committee Meetings will be conducted under the Licensing Act 2003, following the requirements of the Hearings Regulations. Wherever appropriate they have included the procedures followed successfully when determining licence applications under previous legislation.
- 1.4 Proceedings will not be rendered void only as the result of failure to comply with any provision of the Hearings Regulations (Regulation 31).

2. Composition of Sub-Committee

2.1 The Sub-Committee will consist of no less than three members and no business shall be transacted unless at least three members of the Licensing Committee are present and able to form a properly constituted Licensing Sub-Committee. In such cases the Chair shall have a second or casting vote. The Councillor for the ward in which the applicant's premises are situated, or where either the applicant or the objector resides, shall not normally form part of the Sub-Committee for that item on the agenda.

3. Timescales

3.1 Most hearings must take place within 20 working days from the last date for representations to be made with the following exceptions:

Within 10 working days from the last date for the police to object to:

- conversion of an existing licence;
- conversion of an existing club certificate;
- an application for a personal licence by an existing justices licence holder;
 and

Within 10 working days from the date the Licensing Authority receives the notice for a review of the premises licence following a closure order.

Within 7 working days from the last date for the police to object to:

a temporary event notice.

Within 5 working days from the last date for the police to object to:

- an interim authority notice (Note: the police must give notice of their objection within 48 hours of being given a copy of the notice).

Note: Where a hearing is likely to take longer than one day, the Authority must arrange for the hearing to take place on consecutive days.

3.2 Timescale for notice of hearings to be given

In most cases, the Authority shall give notice of a hearing no later than 10 working days before the first day on which the hearing is to be held. The following are exceptions to that rule:

At least five working days notice must be given to the parties of the date of a hearing for determination of:

- conversion of an existing licence
- conversion of an existing club certificate
- application for a personal licence by the holder of a justices licence
- review of a premises licence following a closure order

At least two days notice must be given to the parties to a hearing for determination of:

- police objection to an interim authority notice
- police objection to a temporary event notice

3.3 Persons who must be notified of a hearing

The persons who must be notified of a hearing are set out below as a summary:

- any applicant for any licence or certificate or a temporary event notice.
- any person who has made relevant representations about an application for a licence or for review of a licence (note for any representations deemed frivolous, vexatious or repetitious under Section 18(7)(c) or similar sections of the Licensing Act 2003 the objector must be notified of the Authority's decision as soon as possible and in any event before any hearing).
- Any police officer who has given notice of objection to:
 - a person specified as a Designated Premises Supervisor
 - an interim authority

- transfer of a premises licence
- a temporary event notice
- a personal licence
- Any holder of a premises licence or club premises certificate where:
 - application is made for review

Note: Anyone given notice of a hearing is a party and that is how that expression is used in these Rules of Procedure.

3.4 Information to be provided in a notice of hearing

The information that must be included in a notice of hearing includes:

- The procedure to be followed at the hearing;
- The right of the party to attend and to be assisted or represented by any person whether legally qualified or not;
- The ability to give further information in support of their application where the Authority has sought clarification;
- The right to question any other party if given permission by the Authority;
- The right to address the Authority;
- Notice of any particular points on which the Authority will want clarification at the hearing;
- The consequences if a party does not attend or is not represented at the hearing;
- For certain hearings particular documents must accompany the notice which is sent to parties informing them of the hearing. Reference must be made to Schedule 3 of the Hearings Regulations for this purpose.

3.5 Failure of Parties to Attend the Hearing

If a party has informed the Authority that they will not be attending or be represented at the hearing, it may proceed in their absence.

If a party does not give notice that they will not be attending but fails to attend and is not represented, the Authority may either:

- a) adjourn the hearing if it considers it to be necessary in the public interest or
- b) hold the hearing in the party's absence

If the Authority holds the hearing in the absence of a party, it will consider at the hearing the application, representation or notice given by the party.

If the Authority adjourns the hearing to a specified date it must forthwith the parties of the date, time and place to which the hearing has been adjourned.

Note: Transition hearings cannot be adjourned to a date beyond the date that which causes an application to deemed as determined by default.

4. Procedure at the Hearing

4.1 The usual order of proceedings will be as set out below. The Sub-Committee will allow the parties an equal maximum time period in which to give further information in support of their application, representation or response. Where the Authority has given notice that it will seek clarification on that point at the hearing or where permission has been given to call any further persons to give supporting evidence, the Sub-Committee may allow the parties to question any other party and to address the Licensing Sub-Committee. The Sub-Committee will seek, in all cases, to avoid repetition of points (whether included in written material or otherwise), irrelevancy, or any abuse of the procedure.

At the beginning of the hearing the procedure to be followed will be explained to the parties. The hearing will, so far as is possible, take the form of a discussion, led by the Sub-Committee. Cross-examination will not be permitted unless the Sub-Committee considers it necessary.

- i) The Chair will begin by explaining how the proceedings will be conducted, and indicate any time limits that may apply to the parties to the application.
- ii) The report will be briefly introduced by an Officer of the Licensing Section summarising the application.
- iii) The Sub-Committee will then consider any requests by a party for any other person to be heard at the hearing in accordance with the Regulations. Permission will not be unreasonably withheld provided proper notice has been given.
- iv) A summary of the nature and extent of the application by the applicant or their representative. This should be brief, avoid repetition of material already available to the Committee in the Officer's report or otherwise, and include any reasons why an exception should be made to the Council's Licensing Policy, where appropriate. The submission may be followed by the evidence of any person who has been given permission by the Committee to give supporting evidence on behalf of the applicant.
- v) A summary of the reasons for making representations about the application by any interested party. This should be brief and avoid any repetition of information already made available to the Committee either in the Officer's report or otherwise. That will be followed by the evidence of any person who has been given permission by the Panel to give supporting evidence on behalf of the objectors.
- vi) A summary of the reasons for making representations by or on behalf of any Responsible Authority. This should be brief and avoid any repetition of information already made available to the Licensing Sub-Committee

- either in the Officer's report or otherwise. That will be followed by the evidence of any person who has been given permission by the Panel to give supporting evidence on behalf of the Responsible Authority.
- vii) Members of the Sub-Committee may ask any questions of any party or other person appearing at the hearing.
- 4.2 The following requirements of the Hearing Regulations will also be followed by the Licensing Sub-Committee:
 - a) The Sub-Committee will be guided by legal principles in determining whether evidence is relevant and fairly admissible. In particular, hearsay evidence may be admitted before the Sub-Committee but consideration will always be given to the degree of weight, if any, to be attached to such evidence in all the relevant circumstances.
 - b) The Sub-Committee may impose a time limit on the oral representations to be made by any party. In considering whether to do so, and in considering the length of any such time limit, the Sub-Committee will take into account the importance of ensuring that all parties receive a fair hearing, and the importance of ensuring that all applications are determined expeditiously and without undue delay.
 - c) In considering the time limits referred to in (b) above, regard must be had to the requirement to allow each party an equal amount of time.
- 4.3 When considering any representations or notice made by a party, the Authority may take into account documentary or other information produced by a party in support of their application, representation or notice, either:
 - a) before the hearing, or
 - b) with the consent of all other parties, by the Sub-Committee at the hearing

The Authority will disregard any information given by a party, or any other person appearing at the hearing, which is not relevant to:

- a) their application, representation or notice; and
- b) the promotion of the licensing objectives or the crime prevention objective where notice has been given by the police.
- 4.4 All hearings shall take place in public save that:
 - a) The Licensing Sub-Committee may exclude the public from all or part of a hearing where it considers that, on balance, it is in the public interest to do so.
 - b) The parties and any person representing them may be excluded in the same way as another member of the public

- c) The Licensing Sub-Committee may require any person attending the hearing who in their opinion is behaving in a disruptive manner to leave the hearing and may:
 - refuse to permit the person to return; or
 - allow them to return only on such conditions as the authority may specify.
- 4.5 Any person so excluded may, before the end of the hearing, submit to the Authority in writing, any information which, they would have been entitled to give orally had they not been required to leave. Where there are a number of items on the agenda, the adjournment of that item for a short period, whilst another item is heard, may allow this process to be carried out effectively.

5. Determination of Application – Time Limits

- 5.1 The Licensing Sub-Committee must make its determination at the conclusion of the hearing where the application is for:
 - a) Conversion or variation of an existing licence during transition
 - b) Conversion or variation of an existing club certificate during transition
 - c) A review of a premises licence following a closure order
 - d) A personal licence by the holder of a justices licence
 - e) A counter notice following police objection to a temporary event notice
- 5.2 In any other case the Authority must make its determination within the period of five working days, beginning with the day, or the last day, on which the hearing was held.
- 5.3 Where a hearing has been dispensed with because all of the parties have agreed that a hearing is unnecessary (and the Authority has agreed, giving notice to the parties in writing), then the Authority must make its determination within 10 working days beginning with the day the authority gives such notices to the parties. The Team Leader (Licensing) shall be authorised to make the determination on behalf of the Authority.

6. Record of Proceedings

6.1 The Authority must arrange for a record to be taken of the hearing in a permanent and intelligible form and for that record to be kept for six years from the date of determination. Where an appeal is brought against a determination by the Authority, the record must be kept for six years from the date of disposal of the appeal.

7. Irregularities

7.1 Proceedings will not be rendered void only as the result of failure to comply with any provision of the Hearings Regulations

7.2 Clerical mistakes in any document recording a determination of the Authority, or errors arising in such a document as the result of an accidental slip or omission, may be corrected by the Authority.

8. Notices

- 8.1 In accordance with the Regulations, any notices must be given in writing. Such a notice may be sent electronically, providing:
 - a) it can be accessed by the recipient in a legible form;
 - b) it is capable of being reproduced as a document for future reference;
 - c) the recipient has agreed in advance to receive it in such form;
 - d) a copy is sent in documentary form forthwith to the recipient.

9. Appeals

9.1 Either those who have made an application or those who have made representations on an application may appeal to the Magistrates Court.

Note: An appeal must be commenced within twenty one days beginning with the day on which the appellant was notified by the Licensing Authority of their decision.

APPENDIX A

Application Type	Period of Time within which Hearing to be Held (after reps have closed)	Notice Period of Hearing	Notice Sent To	Attendee Reply Form Back In
Section 18 (3)(a) (determination of application for premises license)	20 working days	10 working days	Applicant; People who have made representations	5 working days
Section 35(3)(a) (determination of application to vary premises licence).	20 working days	10 working days	Applicant; People who have made representations	5 working days
Section 39(3)(a) (determination of application to vary premises licence to specify individual as premises supervisor).	20 working days	10 working days	Applicant (premises holder); Chief Officer of Police who has given notice; The proposed premises supervisor	5 working days
Section 44(5)(a) (determination of application for transfer of premises licence).	20 working days	10 working days	Applicant; Chief Officer of Police who has given Notice; The present holder of the premises licence	5 working days
Section 52(2) (determination of application for review of premises licence).	20 working days	10 working days	The holder of the premises licence of where application applies; People who have made representations; Applicant	5 working days
Section 120(7)(a) (determination of application for grant of personal licence).	20 working days	10 working days	Applicant; Chief Officer of Police who has given Notice	5 working days
Section 121(6)(a) (determination of application for the renewal of personal licence).	20 working days	10 working days	Applicant; Chief Officer of Police who has given Notice	5 working days
Section 124(4)(a) (convictions coming to light after grant or renewal of personal licence).	20 working days	10 working days	The holder of the licence; Chief Officer of Police who has given Notice	5 working days
Paragraph 26(3)(a) of Schedule 8 (determination of application by holder of a justices' licence for	10 working days	5 working days	Applicant; Chief Officer of Police who has given Notice	2 working days

grant of personal licence).				
Section 31(3)(a) (determination of application for a provisional statement).	20 working days	10 working days	Applicant; People who have made representations	5 working days
Section 48(3)(a) (cancellation of interim authority notice following police objection).	5 working days	2 working days	The person who has given Notice; Chief Officer of Police who has given Notice	1 working day
Section 72(3)(a) (determination of application for club premises certificate).	20 working days	10 working days	Applicant (club); People who have made representations	5 working days
Section 85(3) (determination of application to vary club premises certificate).	20 working days	10 working days	Applicant (club); People who have made representations	5 working days
Section 88(2) (determination of application for review of club premises certificate).	20 working days	10 working days	Club that holds club premises certificate; People who have made representations; Applicant	5 working days
Section 105(2)(a) (counter notice following police objection to temporary event notice)	7 working days	2 working days	The premises user; Chief Officer who has given Notice	1 working day
Section 167(5)(a) (review of premises licence following closure order).	10 working days	5 working days	The holder of the premises licence; People who have made representations	2 working days
Paragraph 4(3)(a) of Schedule 8 (determination of application for conversion of existing licence).	10 working days	5 working days	Applicant; Chief Officer of Police who has given Notice	2 working days
Paragraph 16(3)(a) of Schedule 8 (determination of application for conversion of existing club certificate).	10 working days	5 working days	Applicant (club) Chief Officer who has given Notice	2 working days

APPENDIX B

Regulation 8

	Action Following receipt of notice of hearing
1.	A party shall give to the authority within the period of time provided for in the following provisions of this regulation a notice stating:
(a)	whether he intends to attend or be represented at the hearing;
(b)	whether he considers a hearing to be unnecessary.
2.	In a case where a party wishes any other person (other than the person he intends to represent him at the hearing) to appear at the hearing, the notice referred to in paragraph (1) shall contain a request for permission for such other person to appear at the hearing accompanied by details of the name of that person and a brief description of the point or points on which that person may be able to assist the authority in relation to the application, representations or notice of the party making the request.
3.	In the case of a hearing under:
(a)	section 48(3)(a) (cancellation of interim authority notice following police objection), or
(b)	section 105(2)(a) (counter notice following police objection to temporary event notice),
	the party shall give the notice no later than one working day before the day or the first day on which the hearing is to be held.
4.	In the case of a hearing under:
(a)	section 167(5)(a) (review of premises licence following closure order),
(b)	paragraph 4(3)(a) of Schedule 8 (determination of application for conversion of existing licence),
(c)	paragraph 16(3)(a) of Schedule 8 (determination of application for conversion of existing club certificate), or
(d)	paragraph 26(3)(a) of Schedule 8 (determination of application by holder of justices' licence for grant of personal licence),
	the party shall give the notice no later than two working days before the day or the first day on which the hearing is to be held.
5.	In any other case, the party shall give the notice no later than five working days before the day or the first day on which the hearing is to be held.

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Agenda Item 4.1

Committee:	Date:	Classification:	Report No.	Agenda Item
Licensing Sub-Committee	14 September 2010	UNRESTRICTED	LSC 27/011	No.

Report of: Colin Perrins

Head of Trading Standards and Environmental

Health (Commercial)

Originating Officer:

Nick Kemp - Licensing Officer

Title: Licensing Act 2003

Application to Review the Premises Licence for: Cornucopia Market, 246 Tredegar Road, E3 2GP.

Ward affected: Bow East

1.0 **Summary**

Name and

Address of premises: Cornucopia Market

246 Tredegar Road

London E3 2GP

Licence under review: Licensing Act 2003

Sale by retail of alcohol

Representations: Metropolitan Police

2.0 Recommendations

2.1 That the Licensing Committee considers the application for review and then adjudicates accordingly.

LIST OF "BACKGROUND PAPERS" USED IN THE DRAFTING OF THIS REPORT

Brief description of "background paper"

Tick if copy supplied for register

If not supplied, name and telephone number of holder

• Guidance Issued under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003

Tower Hamlets Licensing Policy

File

020 7364 7446

3.0 Review Application

This is an application for a review of the premises licence for: Cornucopia Market, 246 Tredegar Road, E3 2GP. The review was triggered by Metropolitan Police.

3.1 A copy of the review application is attached in **Appendix 1**.

4.0 The Premises

- 4.1 The premises licence was issued on 13th January 2009, however, the licensee previously held the licence for a corner shop at 137 Tredegar Road since 28th September 2005. A copy of the current licence is contained in **Appendix 2**.
- 4.2 Maps showing the premises, surrounding area and vicinity of local residents are included in **Appendix 3**.

5.0 Representations

- 5.1 This hearing is required by the Licensing Act 2003, because a review has been triggered by the Metropolitan Police:
- 5.2 This Service respectfully refers the Licensing sub-committee to the Guidance issued under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003 by the Secretary for State for Culture, Media and Sport. In particular the Service requests that you consider paragraphs 11.23 to 11.28, Reviews arising in connection with crime, making reference to paragraph 11.26. Paragraph 11.26 states that there is certain criminal activity that may arise in connection with licensed premises, which the Secretary of State considers should be treated particularly seriously. These are the use of the licensed premises for, amongst other things, the sale of smuggled tobacco. In paragraph 11.27 the guidance advises that revocation of the licence should seriously be considered, even at first instance.
- 5.3 Only representations that relate to the following licensing objectives are relevant:
 - the prevention of crime and disorder
 - public safety
 - the prevention of public nuisance
 - the protection of children from harm
- 5.4 In the view of the responsible authorities it is necessary to achieve the licensing objectives of **prevention of crime & disorder.**
- 5.5 We have received **248 valid representations in support of the licensee**. These were in the form of a pre-printed letter. As the content of each letter is the same one copy of the letter has been included in the

- report together with a spreadsheet giving the name of the customers making the representation, see **Appendix 4.**
- 5.6 We received a further 67 such letters in support of the licensee which were considered NOT to be valid. In most cases this was because the representations were illegible or the address of the person making the representation had not been included.
- 5.7 In addition one separate representation was received in support of the licensee, see **Appendices 5**.

6.0 Review Explained

- 6.1 The Licensing Act 2003 was described by the Government at the time as "light touch" but as Baroness Blackstone stated in the Lords at the time of the second reading (26 Nov 2002) "Local residents and businesses as well as expert bodies, will have the power to request that the licensing authority review existing licences where problems arise. Such a review could result in the modification of the licence, its suspension, or ultimately, revocation."
- 6.2 The Department for Sport, Culture and Media Affairs has issued guidance under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003 in relation to reviews and that is contained in **Appendix 6.** It is available on the Government's website, www.culture.gov.uk. It was last revised in March 2010.
- 6.3 Members are particularly asked to note the comments in relation Crime and Disorder. In particular the DCMS advice is that "The role of the licensing authority when determining such a review is not therefore to establish the guilt or innocence of any individual but to ensure that the crime prevention objective is promoted."
- 6.4 In relation to its advice on representations the DCMS has also advised that "there is no requirement for an interested party or responsible authority to produce a recorded history of problems at a premises to support their representations." It has also issued revised guidance about Crime and Disorder, and the pool of conditions which might be considered in relation to any identified problems. **See Appendix 7**.
- 6.5 Members should also note the Council's Licensing Policy in relation to Crime and Disorder, the relevant parts of which are contained in Appendix 8. The Pool Conditions in the Policy are the same as the Government's.
- 6.6 The DCMS has advised that in relation to reviews "It is important to recognise that the promotion of licensing objectives relies heavily on a partnership between licence holders, authorised persons, interested parties and responsible authorities in pursuit of common aims. It is

therefore equally important that reviews are not used to drive a wedge between those groups in a way that would undermine the benefits of cooperation. It would be good practice for authorised persons and responsible authorities to give licence holders early warning of their concerns about problems identified at the premises concerned and of the need for improvement. It is expected that a failure to respond to such warnings would lead to a decision to request a review."

- 6.7 The licensing authority itself cannot trigger a review; that can only be done by a responsible authority or an interested party (local resident or business).
- 6.8 An interested party or a responsible authority can trigger a review at any time, but the grounds must be relevant to the licensing objectives. The form of the application, and the advertisement of the review are the subject of regulations (The Licensing Act 2003 (Premises Licences and Club Premises Certificate) Regulations 2005). In addition, the licensing authority has to satisfy itself of certain matters in relation to the Licensing Act 2003. The Licensing Services Manager Ms Jacqueline Randall is the delegated officer who deals with this on behalf of the licensing authority. All the matters stated in 5.0 were considered before any representations were accepted for inclusion in this report.
- 6.9 The Licensing Act 2003 requires that the Licensing Authority satisfies itself that it should reject the grounds for a review because:
 - The ground is not relevant to one or more of the licensing objectives
 - In the case of an application by a local resident that the application is frivolous, vexatious or repetitious.

7.0 Review Advertisement

- 7.1 The review was advertised by a blue poster, next to the premises, by the Licensing Section. This was periodically monitored by the Section to ensure it was on continuous display, and replaced as necessary. It was also advertised at Mulberry Place, 5 Clove Crescent, London E14 2BG.
- 7.2 The party that triggers the review must notify the licence holder and responsible authorities. The review documents were sent to the licence holders.
- 7.3 The procedure for a review can be summarised as follows:
 - A review is triggered by a responsible authority or interested party
 - Consultation is conducted for 28 full days
 - Other responsible authorities or interested parties may join in the review
 - Members conduct a hearing
 - Members make a determination

 All the parties to the review have the right of appeal to the magistrates court (i.e. the licence holder, the person who triggered the review and those who have made a representation).

8.0 Licensing Officer Comments

- 8.1 The Governments advice in relation to reviews is contained in **Appendix 6.** Members must consider all the evidence and then decide from the following alternatives:
 - Take no further action as they do not consider it proportionate to do so
 - Impose conditions (including altering existing permissions) that relate to problems which they consider have been identified and which are necessary and proportionate to ensure that the licensing objectives are met
 - Suspend the licence for a period
 - Revoke the licence completely
- 8.2 The licence should only be suspended or revoked if Members believe that alterations to the existing licence, including imposing new conditions does not have a reasonable prospect of ensuring that the licensing objectives are met.
- 8.3 Members should bear in mind that conditions may not be imposed for any purpose other than to meet the licensing objectives.
- 8.4 In all cases the Members should make their decision on the civil burden of proof that is "the balance of probability."
- 8.5 In all cases Members should consider whether or not primary legislation is the appropriate method of regulation and should only consider licence conditions when the circumstances in their view are not already adequately covered elsewhere.

9.0 Legal Comments

9.1 The Council's legal officer will give advice at the hearing.

10.0 Finance Comments

10.1 There are no financial implications in this report.

11.0 Appendices

Appendix 1 Copy of the review application

Appendix 2 Current Premises Licence

Appendix 3 Maps of the premises and surrounding area

Appendix 4 Representations in support of the licensee with

spreadsheet containing the names.

Appendix 5 Representation from Miss P George

Appendix 6 Guidance issued under Section 182 by the

Department for Sport, Culture and Media Affairs

for reviews.

Appendix 7 Guidance Issued by the Department for Culture

Media and Sport under Section 182 of the

Licensing Act 2003 concerning Crime and Disorder

Appendix 8 London Borough of Tower Hamlets Licensing

Policy in relation to the prevention of Crime and

Disorder

Appendix 1



This form should be completed and forwarded to:

London Borough of Tower Hamlets, Licensing Section, Mulberry Place (AH),PO BOX 55739,5 Clove Crescent, London E14 1BY

Application for the review of a premises licence or club premises certificate under the Licensing Act 2003

PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Before completing this form please read the guidance notes at the end of the form.

If you are completing this form by hand please write legibly in block capitals. In all cases ensure that your answers are inside the boxes and written in black ink. Use additional sheets if necessary. You may wish to keep a copy of the completed form for your records.

I PC 124HT Andy Jackson on behalf of the Commissioner of the Metropolitan Police (Insert name of applicant) apply for the review of a premises licence under section 51 / apply for the review of a club premises certificate under section 87 of the Licensing Act 2003 for the premises described in Part 1 below (delete as applicable)

Part 1 - Premises or club premises details

Postal address of premises or club p Cornucopia Market 246 Tredegar Road	oremises, or if none, ordnance survey by	p reference or description	3
	September 1997	0 7 JUL 2010	
Post town London	Post code (if known) E3 2GB	SIN	G
Name of premises licence holder or c club premises certificate (if known)	club holding Cornucopia Market	Ltd	
Number of premises licence or club pertificate (if known)	premises 12974		

\\KST0007NAS.aware.mps\HomefoldersFS409\p178779\My Documents\Review forms Cornucopia.doc

Part 2 - Applicant d	etails	Ple	ase tick 🗆 y
a) a person living inb) a body representingc) a person involved	ase complete (A) or (B) below) the vicinity of the premises g persons living in the vicinity of the premises in business in the vicinity of the premises g persons involved in business in the vic	6	
a responsible authorit	(please complete (C) below)		х
3) a member of the club t	which this application relates (please co	omplete (A) below)	
Mr Mrs Surname	Miss Ms Ot	her title (for example, Rev)	
I am 18 years old o	over	Please tick	yes
Current postal address if different from premises address			
Post Town	Postcod	e	
Daytime contact te	ephone number		

(B) DETAILS OF OTHER APPLI	CANT
Mr Mrs Miss	Ms Other title (for example, Rev)
Surname	First names
	Please tick □ yes
I am 18 years old or over	Trease tiek is yes
_	
Current postal address if different	
from premises	
address	
Post Town	Postcode
Daytime contact telephone num	ber
E-mail address	
(optional)	
(C) DETAILS OF RESPONSIBLE AU	JTHORITY APPLICANT
(C) DETINES OF NEST STATE	
Name and address	
PC124HT Andy Jackson	
Licensing Officer Bethnal Green Police S	tation
12 Victoria Park Squar	
London E2 9NZ	
Telephone number (if any)	
E-mail (optional)	

This application to review relates to the following licensing objective(s) Please tick one or more boxes 1) the prevention of crime and disorder 2) public safety 3) the prevention of public nuisance 4) the protection of children from harm

Please provide as much information as possible to support the application (please read guidance note 2) This review is applied for under the crime and disorder licensing objective.

The basis of this review relates to a series of operations run jointly between Police, Trading Standards and Customs (HMRC) which have been running since November 2009. The aim of these visits was to identify which premises were selling goods which were either counterfeit or smuggled and to investigate offences under the Licensing Act 2003.

Certain off licences were identified following a review of intelligence from all 3 agencies where they had come to notice for similar offences in the past. No random visits were made.

13 premises across the Borough were identified for visits on 2 days in April 2010.

Entry to each premise was made under the Licensing Act 2003 as well as customs and trading standards legislation.

The review you will hear today concerns Cornucopia Market at 246 Tredegar Road, E3 2GB.

The premise was visited on 21st April 2010 at 1230hrs

On entry to the premise we found a total of 23 bottles of whiskey for sale which displayed a counterfeit duty stamp. These goods were seized by HMRC under Secs. 112 and 118. Customs and Excise Management Act 1979.

These spirits should have displayed a numbered Customs sticker which is either separate or incorporated in the label on the bottle. This applies to bottles over 35cl in size and where the alcohol by volume exceeds 30%. This is a system which has been in force since 1st January 2007. The stamps are checked under ultra-violet light and fakes fail to light up in the correct way as they have just been printed on paper.

Further examination of the wine on sale revealed that there were 36 bottles (27 litres) of mixed wines. The wines were for sale at a price where the duty for the goods couldn't have been paid. These were seized under Sec 139 of CEMA 1979.

No receipts were produced for the goods seized at the time and a notice of seizure and a warning letter were issued to the occupant Mr Hamza Boyraz.

The owners were given 28 days to produce the receipts for the goods seized to prove that they were bought at a wholesaler and that the duty had been paid. That period has now expired and the receipts have not been produced.

The goods seized amounted to a total of £214.00 of duty evaded with VAT added it comes to a total of £251.45.

DCMS Guidance states "certain criminal activity in connection with licensed premises, which the Sec of State considers should be treated particularly seriously", and one of these activities is "for the sale of smuggled tobacco and alcohol".

The Guidance also states that police are expected to use the review procedures effectively to deter such activities and crime and that even after a first instance revocation of the licence should be seriously considered.

In this case we have requested a suspension of the licence due to the lesser amount of goods that were seized in comparison to other premises where revocation was requested.

We have taken a view that when a licensed premise has a smaller amount of smuggled goods, a suspension of the licence would be sought and that we would suggest that the licensing panel be invited to decide as to the length of any suspension involved. We also felt that a premise, which has 16.1 litres of spirits and 27 litres of wine for sale, should be treated differently to a premise where both the amounts of spirits and wine are in the hundreds. We believe that this is a proportionate response.

Of course the panel can decide that they consider revocation to be necessary to promote the licensing objective of crime and disorder. However we feel that by suspending the licence in this incidence it would send a powerful message not only to this premise but, with the correct publicity, to all off licenses on this Borough. This is important because we have now completed 3 operations of this type on this Borough and have found the majority of off licences visited selling smuggled and/or counterfeit alcohol.

Have you made an application for review relating to this premises	Please tick? yes before
If yes please state the date of that application	Day Month Year
If you have made representations before relating to this were and when you made them	premises please state what they

I have sent copies of this form and enclosures to licence holder or club holding the club premises	o the responsible authorities and the premises	lease tick 🗆 yes
I understand that if I do not comply with the abo	ove requirements my application will be rejec	ted
IT IS AN OFFENCE, LIABLE ON C ON THE STANDARD SCALE UNDI 2003 TO MAKE A FALSE STATEM APPLICATION	ER SECTION 158 OF THE LICEN	ISING ACT
Part 3 - Signatures (please read guidance	note 3)	
Signature of applicant or note 4). If signing on beh	authorised agent (please rea	d guidance
Signature		
Date 7 th July 2010	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Capacity Police Licensing Officer		•••••
Contact name (where not previously given) a application (please read guidance note 5)	and address for correspondence associated	with this
Post town	Post code	
Telephone number (if any)		
If you would prefer us to correspond with you (optional)	u using an e-mail address your e-mail addr	ess

WITNESS STATEMENT

ENGLAND AND WALES ONLY

(CJ Act 1967, s.9; MC Act 1980, ss.5A(3)(a) and 5B; MC Rules 1981, r.70)

Statement of: Benjamine Cooper

Age if under 18: OVER 18 (If over 18 insert 'over 18')

Occupation: OFFICER OF H.M. Revenue & Customs

This statement (consisting of One page) signed by me is true to the best of my knowledge and belief and I make it knowing that, if it is tendered in evidence, I shall be liable to prosecution if I have wilfully stated in it anything which I know to be false or do not believe to be true.

Signature: _

Date: 17th June 2010

I am an Officer of H.M. Revenue & Customs based at Jubilee House, Stratford, London, E15 1AT.

On 21st April 2010, Officer Clark from H.M. Revenue & Customs and I, with Officers from Tower Hamlets Police Licensing Unit (Bethnal Green) and Trading Standards (Tower Hamlets) conducted a joint operation targeting various Off Licences within the area.

At 12:30 hours, Officers from the above mentioned agencies and I entered the premise at Cornucopia Market, 246 Tredegar Road, London, E3 2GB.

We all identified ourselves accordingly and explained the reasons for the visit (checks on UK Duty Paid stickers/stamps on both alcohol and cigarettes) to a man I now know to be Mr Hamza Boyraz.

A search was conducted under Customs & Excise Management Act 1979, s.112.

Found on shelving behind the counter and the rear stockroom was a total of 36 bottles (27 litres) of mixed Italian wine. This was being sold as 2 bottles of wine for £5. When asked for documentary evidence, such as purchase invoices for the wine, none was forthcoming/available at the time.

Also found were 15 bottles of Bells Whisky (70cl at 40%) and 8 other bottles of mixed Whiskys (70cl at 40%), giving a total of 16.1 litres. Tests on the UK Duty stamps using the Ultra Violet light resulted in all spirit bottles being counterfeit.

At 12:50 hours, all the above mentioned goods were seized under CEMA 1979, s.139.

Forms C156 (Notice of Seizure) and C162 (Warning letter) were issued to and signed by Mr Hamza Boyraz.

At approximately 13:10 hours, all officers exited the premises.

It has been calculated that the total amount of Duty evaded equates to £60.73 for the wine and £153.27 for the mixed spirits, plus 17.5% VAT.

Date: _ ITT June Low_ Signature: (signature of witness)

EHFO 681A

Signature:

(signature witnessed by)

STATEMENT OF WITNESS: ENGLAND AND WALES ONLY

Page 1 of 1

Page 31

Appendix 2



TOWER HAMLETS

Licence / Registration

Certificate Number

12975

(Cornucopia) Bevan Court Shop Unit 246 Tredegar Road London **E3 2GP**

Licensable Activities authorised by the licence

The sale by retail of alcohol

See the attached licence for the licence conditions

Signed by

John Cruse Team Leader Licensing

Date: 13 January 2009



7-4622

FOR OFFICE USE 7/2003 LicAct certs & lics\Prem Lics\TredegarRd246.doc
Receipt Number Fee Paid Fee Req.

Date

Initial



Part A - Format of premises licence

Premises licence number

12974

Part 1 - Premises details

Postal address of premises, or if none, ordnance survey map reference or description

Bevan Court Shop Unit 246 Tredegar Road

Post town
London
E3 2GP

Telephone number

Where the licence is time limited the dates

N/A

Licensable activities authorised by the licence

The sale by retail of alcohol

The times the licence authorises the carrying out of licensable activities
Monday to Sunday 08:00 – 23:00
The opening hours of the premises
Monday to Sunday 08:00 – 23:00
Where the licence authorises supplies of alcohol whether these are on and/ or off supplies
Off sales only

Part 2

Name, (registered) address, telephone number and email (where relevant) of holder of premises licence

Cornucopia Market Limited Bevan Court Shop Unit 246 Tredegar Road London E3 2GP

Registered number of holder, for example company number, charity number (where applicable)

Company number

Name, address and telephone number of designated premises supervisor where the premises licence authorises the supply of alcohol

Mr Hamza Boyraz



Personal licence number and issuing authority of personal licence held by designated premises supervisor where the premises licence authorises for the supply of alcohol

Licence Number State Issued by Islington Council

Annex 1 - Mandatory conditions

No supply of alcohol may be made under the premises licence-

- a) at a time where there is no designated premises supervisor in respect of the premises licence, or
- b) at a time when the designated premises supervisor does not hold a personal licence or his personal licence is suspended

Every supply of alcohol under the premises licence must be made or authorised by a person who holds a personal licence

Annex 2 - Conditions consistent with the operating Schedule

A CCTV system will be installed at the premises and will conform to the following:

- 1. Cameras will be sited so as to cover the inside and outside of all doors used for entrance and exit.
- 2. Cameras covering the entrance must capture a full frame shot of the heads and shoulders of all persons entering the premises (to enable identification).
- 3. The image quality should be of a standard found suitable by the local police Crime Prevention Officer.
- 4. The device used to record the images must be located in a secure area or locked cabinet.
- 5. The system must have a monitor to review an images.
- 6. The system must be regularly maintained to ensure image quality and retention.
- 7. There must be signage displayed in the customer area to advise that CCTV is in operation.
- 8. Recorded images must be retained for 31 days.
- 9. The police will be allowed access to view any images at any reasonable
- 10. Suitable equipment must be available to enable the police to copy any images on request, remove them from the premises, and replay them on a standard computer.

Annex 3 - Conditions attached after a hearing by the licensing authority

Not applicable

Annex 4 - Plans

The plans are those submitted to the licensing authority on the following date:

24th November 2008



Premises licence number		12974
Premises details		
Postal address of premises description	s, or if no	one, ordnance survey map reference
Bevan Court Shop Unit 246 Tredegar Road London		
Post town	Post	code
London	E3 2	· · · · · · · · ·
Telephone number		
Where the licence is time limited	ed the	AL/A
10.00		N/A
Licensable activities authorised	by the	The sale by retail of alcohol
icence		

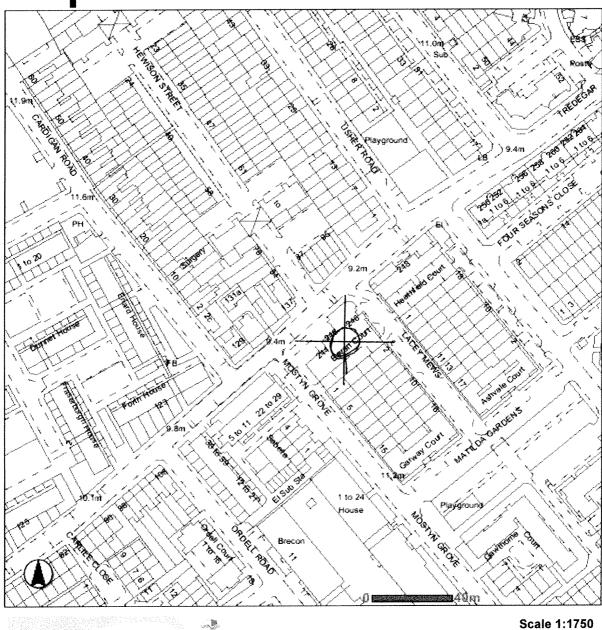
The times the licence authorises the carrying out of licensable activities Monday to Sunday 08:00 - 23:00 The opening hours of the premises Monday to Sunday 08:00 - 23:00 Name, (registered) address of holder Cornucopia **Bevan Court Shop** of premises licence Market Limited Unit 246 Tredegar Road London E3 2GP Where the licence authorises supplies Off sales only of alcohol whether these are on and / or off supplies Registered number of holder, for example company number, charity Company number number (where applicable) Name of designated premises Mr Hamza Boyraz supervisor where the premises licence authorises for the supply of alcohol

State whether access to the premises by children is restricted or prohibited

No restrictions

Page 1 of 1 GIS viewer - Map

Map



Notes:

246 Tredegar Road large

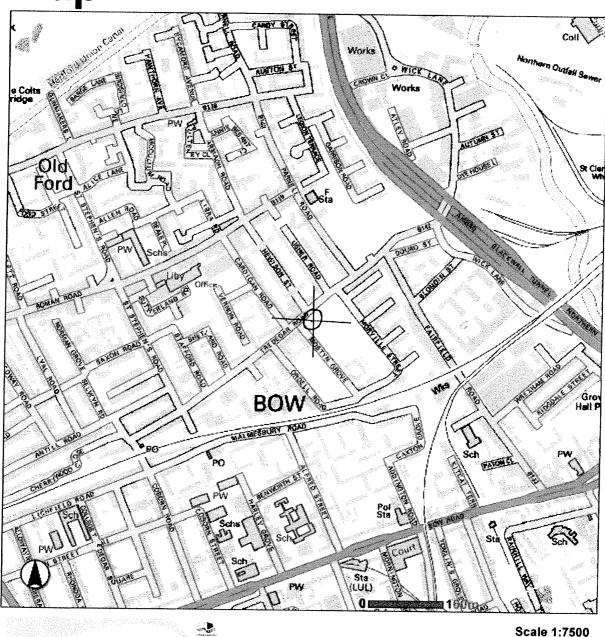
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Supplied by London Borough of Tower Hamlets

Licence Number: LA100019288

Map



Map of:

Notes:

246 Tredegar Road small

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Supplied by London Borough of Tower Hamlets

Licence Number: LA100019288

London Borough of Tower Hamlets - Licensing Section Mulberry Place (AH) PO BOX 55739 5 Clove Crescent London E14 1BY

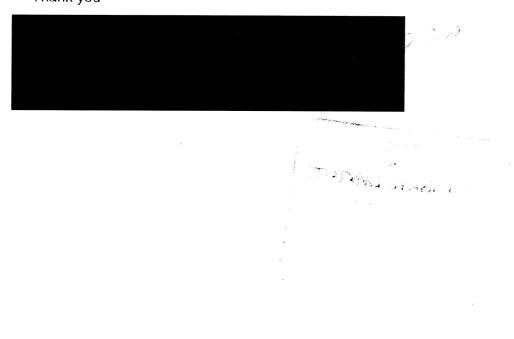
Tel: 020 7364 5008

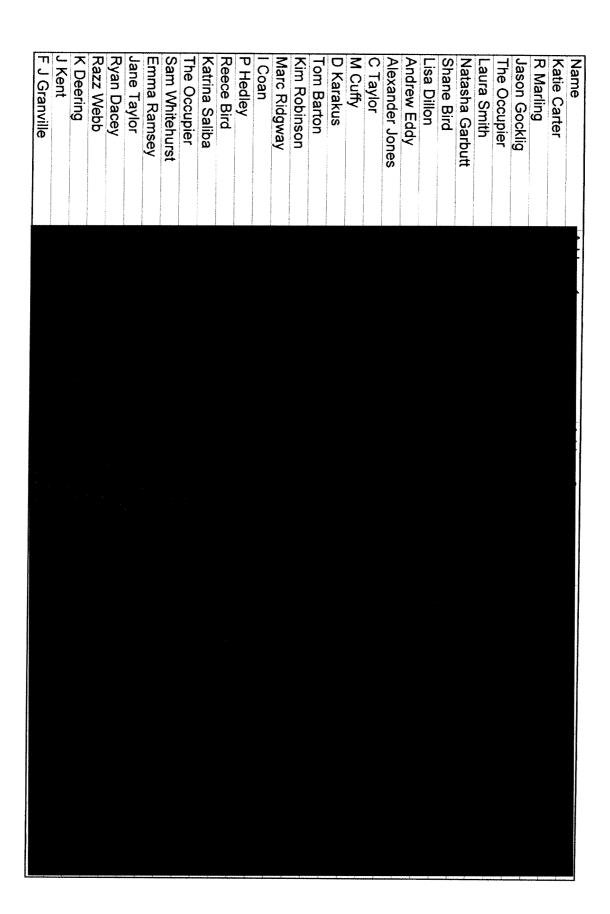
Email: licensing@towerhamlets.gov.uk

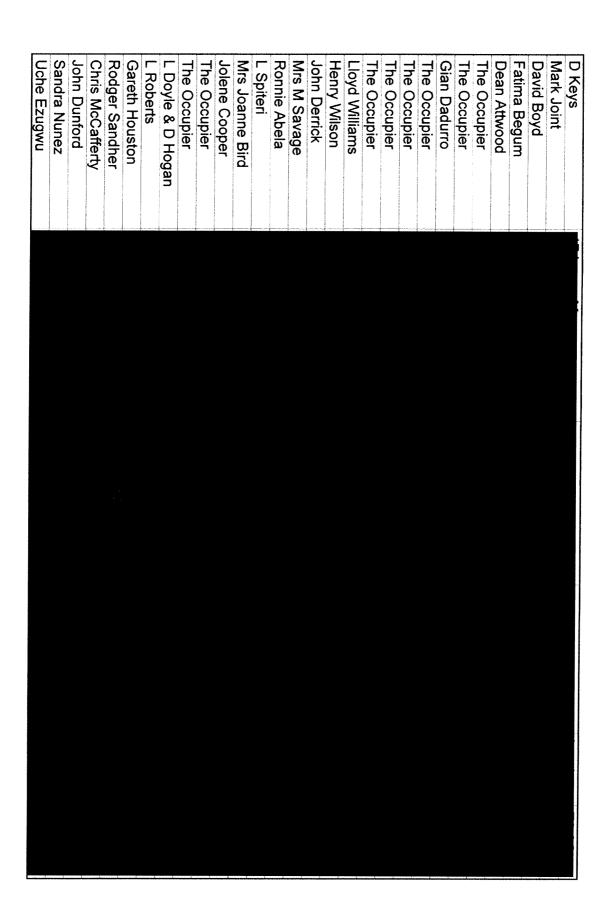
To: Whom it may concern

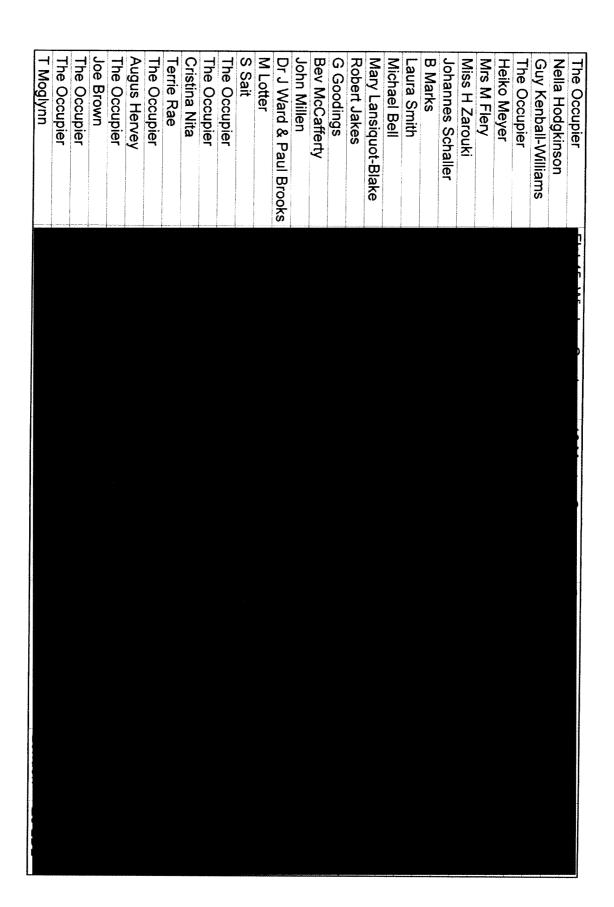
We the local residents of Tredegar road object to the idea of the remove/review of the existing license of Cornucopia Supermarket. We believe that it is very convenient to have grocery, alcohol and cigarettes in store as it is the only shop on Tredegar road. We are not fond of walking to Roman Road because of the distance and the environment is not very safe. We believe that Cornucopia Supermarket's staffs do not go against the legal requirements of the licence as we've never come across such an illegal sale or anything to do with the licensing act. Please accept this letter as our formal views of Cornucopia Supermarket.

Thank you

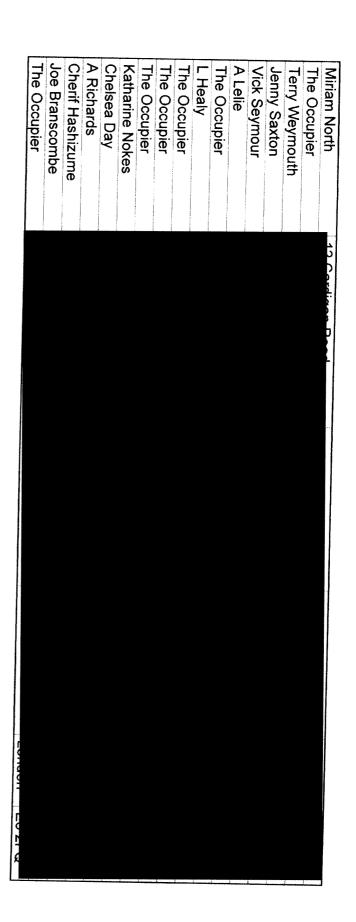








on Abrahama
The Occupier
The Occupier
The Occupier
Steven Berthram
The Occupier
Luke Layton
The Occupier
E Humphreys
N Hillier
Naomi Miller
Daniel Nicholass
The Occupier
Rob Hughes
Seth Mclaren
Mr F Small
Oswald Andrew
H Beadon
The Occupier
Miss P Felix
Rachel Powers
Donald Bradford
The Occupier
Joseph Pirotta
Miss E Punter



Nick Kemp

From:

Sent: 02 August 2010 19:50

To: Nick Kemp

Subject: Re: Cornucopia Supermarket Tredegar Road E3

Thanks

----Original Message----

From: Nick Kemp < Nick.Kemp@towerhamlets.gov.uk>

To:

Sent: Mon, 2 Aug 2010 16:26

Subject: RE: Cornucopia Supermarket Tredegar Road E3

Dear Miss George,

I have received your representation but I need your full postal address in order to forward it to the Licensing Sub Committee.

Regards,

Nick Kemp

Nick Kemp - Licensing Officer

London Borough of Tower Hamlets Licensing Section Mulberry Place (AH) PO BOX 55739 5 Clove Crescent London E14 1BY

Crescent London E14 (b)

From:

Sent: 02 August 2010 10:42

To: licensing

Cc:

Subject: Cornucopia Supermarket Tredegar Road E3

I am a resident that uses this supermarket and i find that the people whom run it are very nice and polite and i use this store daily it mite be a bit pricey but i do not feel safe going into roman road especially in the evenings as there are a lot of gangs that hang around and cause problems down there, Cornucopia has had problems with some of the young people asking them to sell cigarettes or alcohol but i never see them give it to them as they always ask for id, what some of the young people do is wait outside the store and ask adults to buy them the drinks or cigarettes and some of the adults tell them no and then the young people start arguing with the adults and causes problems as i have seen first hand, so what can you do have security outside the store?

I need this supermarket as it is easier for me to pay bills and pick up some food stuff, u do not need to take their license from them, believe me there are a lot of ignorant/racist people that live around here, do not listen to them as it is their children's children that are causing this problem as most have problem around the roman road area and they will send their children to get cigarettes and drinks believe me.

Miss Patricia George

Working Together for a Better Tower Hamlets
Web site: http://www.towerhamlets.gov.uk

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Guidance Issued by the Department for Culture Media and Sport under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003

POWERS OF A LICENSING AUTHORITY ON THE DETERMINATION OF A REVIEW

- 11.16 The 2003 Act provides a range of powers for the licensing authority on determining a review that it may exercise where it considers them necessary for the promotion of the licensing objectives.
- 11.17 The licensing authority may decide that no action is necessary if it finds that the review does not require it to take any steps necessary to promote the licensing objectives. In addition, there is nothing to prevent a licensing authority issuing an informal warning to the licence holder and/or to recommend improvement within a particular period of time. It is expected that licensing authorities will regard such warnings as an important mechanism for ensuring that the licensing objectives are effectively promoted and that warnings should be issued in writing to the holder of the licence. However, where responsible authorities like the police or environmental health officers have already issued warnings requiring improvement either orally or in writing that have failed as part of their own stepped approach to concerns, licensing authorities should not merely repeat that approach.
- 11.18 Where the licensing authority considers that action under its statutory powers are necessary, it may take any of the following steps: to modify the conditions of the premises licence (which includes adding new conditions or any alteration or omission of an existing condition), for example, by reducing the hours of opening or by requiring door supervisors at particular times;
 - to exclude a licensable activity from the scope of the licence, for example, to exclude the performance of live music or playing of recorded music (where it is not within the incidental live and recorded music exemption);
 - to remove the designated premises supervisor, for example, because they consider that the problems are the result of poor management;
 - to suspend the licence for a period not exceeding three months;
 - to revoke the licence.
- 11.19 In deciding which of these powers to invoke, it is expected that licensing authorities should so far as possible seek to establish the cause or causes of the concerns which the representations identify. The remedial action taken should generally be directed at these causes and should always be no more than a necessary and proportionate response.
- 11.20 For example, licensing authorities should be alive to the possibility that the removal and replacement of the designated premises

- supervisor may be sufficient to remedy a problem where the cause of the identified problem directly relates to poor management decisions made by that individual.
- 11.21 Equally, it may emerge that poor management is a direct reflection of poor company practice or policy and the mere removal of the designated premises supervisor may be an inadequate response to the problems presented. Indeed, where subsequent review hearings are generated by representations, it should be rare merely to remove a succession of designated premises supervisors as this would be a clear indication of deeper problems which impact upon the licensing objectives.
- 11.22 Licensing authorities should also note that modifications of conditions and exclusions of licensable activities may be imposed either permanently or for a temporary period of up to three months. Temporary changes or suspension of the licence for up to three months could impact on the business holding the licence financially and would only be expected to be pursued as a necessary means of promoting the licensing objectives. So, for instance, a licence could be suspended for a weekend as a means of deterring the holder from allowing the problems that gave rise to the review to happen again. However, it will always be important that any detrimental financial impact that may result from a licensing authority's decision is necessary and proportionate to the promotion of the licensing objectives.

REVIEWS ARISING IN CONNECTION WITH CRIME

- 11.23 A number of reviews may arise in connection with crime that is not directly connected with licensable activities. For example, reviews may arise because of drugs problems at the premises or money laundering by criminal gangs or the sale of contraband or stolen goods there or the sale of firearms. Licensing authorities do not have the power to judge the criminality or otherwise of any issue. This is a matter for the courts of law. The role of the licensing authority when determining such a review is not therefore to establish the guilt or innocence of any individual but to ensure that the crime prevention objective is promoted. Reviews are part of the regulatory process introduced by the 2003 Act and they are not part of criminal law and procedure. Some reviews will arise after the conviction in the criminal courts of certain individuals but not all. In any case, it is for the licensing authority to determine whether the problems associated with the alleged crimes are taking place on the premises and affecting the promotion of the licensing objectives. Where a review follows a conviction, it would also not be for the licensing authority to attempt to go behind any finding of the courts, which should be treated as a matter of undisputed evidence before them.
- 11.24 Where the licensing authority is conducting a review on the ground that the premises have been used for criminal purposes, its role is solely to determine what steps should be taken in connection with the premises

licence, for the promotion of the crime prevention objective. It is important to recognise that certain criminal activity or associated problems may be taking place or have taken place despite the best efforts of the licensee and the staff working at the premises and despite full compliance with the conditions attached to the licence. In such circumstances, the licensing authority is still empowered to take any necessary steps to remedy the problems. The licensing authority's duty is to take steps with a view to the promotion of the licensing objectives in the interests of the wider community and not those of the individual holder of the premises licence.

- 11.25 As explained above, it is not the role of a licensing authority to determine the guilt or innocence of individuals charged with licensing or other offences committed on licensed premises. There is therefore no reason why representations giving rise to a review of a premises licence need be delayed pending the outcome of any criminal proceedings. As stated above, at the conclusion of a review, it will be for the licensing authority to determine on the basis of the application for the review and any relevant representations made, what action needs to be taken for the promotion of the licensing objectives in respect of the licence in question, regardless of any subsequent judgment in the courts about the behaviour of individuals.
- 11.26 There is certain criminal activity that may arise in connection with licensed premises, which the Secretary of State considers should be treated particularly seriously. These are the use of the licensed premises:
 - for the sale and distribution of Class A drugs and the laundering of the proceeds of drugs crime;
 - · for the sale and distribution of illegal firearms;
 - for the evasion of copyright in respect of pirated or unlicensed films and music, which does considerable damage to the industries affected; for the purchase and consumption of alcohol by minors which impacts on the health, educational attainment, employment prospects and propensity for crime of young people;
 - for prostitution or the sale of unlawful pornography;
 - by organised groups of paedophiles to groom children;
 - as the base for the organisation of criminal activity, particularly by gangs;
 - for the organisation of racist activity or the promotion of racist attacks;
 - · for unlawful gaming and gambling; and
 - for the sale of smuggled tobacco and alcohol.
- 11.27 It is envisaged that licensing authorities, the police and other law enforcement agencies, which are responsible authorities, will use the review procedures effectively to deter such activities and crime. Where reviews arise and the licensing authority determines that the crime prevention objective is being undermined through the premises being used to further crimes, it is expected that revocation of the licence even in the first instance should be seriously considered. We would

- also encourage liaison with the local Crime and Disorder Reduction Partnership.
- 11.28 It should be noted that it is unlawful to discriminate or to refuse service on grounds of race or by displaying racially discriminatory signs on the premises. Representations made about such activity from responsible authorities or interested parties would be relevant to the promotion of the crime prevention objective and justifiably give rise to a review.

Guidance Issued by the Department for Culture Media and Sport under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003

Crime and Disorder Act 1998

- 1.28 All local authorities must fulfil their obligations under section 17 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 when carrying out their functions as licensing authorities under the 2003 Act.
- 1.29 Section 17 is aimed at giving the vital work of crime and disorder reduction a focus across the wide range of local services and putting it at the heart of local decision-making. It places a duty on certain key authorities, including local authorities and police and fire and rescue authorities to do all they reasonably can to prevent crime and disorder in their area.
- 1.30 The Government believes that licensing authorities should, as a matter of good practice, involve Crime and Disorder Reduction Partnerships (CDRPs) in decision-making in order to ensure that statements of licensing policy include effective strategies that take full account of crime and disorder implications.

Pool Conditions

Guidance Issued by the Department for Culture Media and Sport under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003

Annex D

Conditions relating to the prevention of crime and disorder

It should be noted in particular that it is unlawful under the 2003 Act:

- knowingly to sell or supply or attempt to sell or supply alcohol to a person who is drunk
- · knowingly to allow disorderly conduct on licensed premises
- for the holder of a premises licence or a designated premises supervisor knowingly to keep or to allow to be kept on licensed premises any goods that have been imported without payment of duty or which have otherwise been unlawfully imported
- to allow the presence of children under 16 who are not accompanied by an adult between midnight and 5am at any premises licensed for the sale of alcohol for consumption on the premises, and at any time in premises used exclusively or primarily for the sale and consumption of alcohol.

Conditions enforcing these arrangements are therefore unnecessary.

CORE PRINCIPLES

1 When applicants are preparing their operating schedules or club operating schedules, responsible authorities are considering applications and

licensing authorities are considering applications following the receipt of relevant representations, they should consider whether the measures set out below are necessary to promote the licensing objectives.

- 2. Any risk assessment to identify necessary measures should consider the individual circumstances of the premises (including local knowledge) and take into account a range of factors including:
 - the nature and style of the venue;
 - · the activities being conducted there;
 - · the location; and
 - the anticipated clientele.

Under no circumstances should licensing authorities regard these conditions as standard conditions to be automatically imposed in all cases.

- Any individual preparing an operating schedule or club operating schedule is at liberty to volunteer any measure, such as those below, as a step they intend to take to promote the licensing objectives. When measures are incorporated into the licence or certificate as conditions, they become enforceable under the law and any breach could give rise to prosecution.
- Licensing authorities should carefully consider conditions to ensure that they are not only necessary but realistic, practical and achievable, so that they are capable of being met. Failure to comply with any conditions attached to a licence or certificate is a criminal offence, which on conviction would be punishable by a fine of up to £20,000 or up to six months imprisonment or both. As such, it would be wholly inappropriate to impose conditions outside the control of those responsible for the running of the premises. It is also important that conditions which are imprecise or difficult to enforce should be avoided.
- 5. It should be borne in mind that club premises operate under codes of discipline to ensure the good order and behaviour of members and that conditions enforcing offences under the Act are unnecessary.

CONDITIONS RELATING TO THE PREVENTION OF CRIME AND DISORDER

Text/Radio pagers

Text and radio pagers connecting premises licence holders, designated premises supervisors, managers of premises and clubs to the local police can provide for rapid response by the police to situations of disorder which may be endangering the customers and staff on the premises.

Pagers provide two-way communication, allowing licence holders, managers, designated premises supervisors and clubs to report incidents to the police, and the police to warn those operating a large number of other premises of potential trouble-makers or individuals suspected of criminal behaviour who are about in a particular area. Pager systems can also be used by licence holders, door supervisors, managers, designated premises supervisors and clubs to warn each other of the presence in an area of such people.

The Secretary of State recommends that text or radio pagers should be considered for public houses, bars and nightclubs operating in city and town centre leisure areas with a high density of licensed premises. These conditions may also be appropriate and necessary in other areas. It is recommended that a condition requiring the text/radio pager links to the police should include the following requirements: the text/pager equipment is kept in working order at all times; the pager link is activated, made available to and monitored by the designated premises supervisor or a responsible member of staff at all times that the premises are open to the public; any police instructions/directions are complied with whenever given; and all instances of crime or disorder are reported via the text/radio pager link by the designated premises supervisor or a responsible member of staff to an agreed police contact point. **Door supervisors** Conditions relating to the provision of door supervisors and security teams may be valuable in:

Hay I	De valuable III.
orem	preventing the admission and ensuring the departure from the ises of the drunk and disorderly, without causing further disorder;
	keeping out individuals excluded by court bans or by the licence holder
·	searching and excluding those suspected of carrying illegal drugs, or
carry	ing offensive weapons; and
	maintaining orderly queuing outside venues. Where the presence of
door	supervisors conducting security activities is to be a condition of a licence
which	means that they would have to be registered with the Security Industry
Autho	ority, conditions may also need to deal with:
]	the number of supervisors;
	the displaying of name badges;
	the carrying of proof of registration;

Lynn	
	the displaying of name badges;
	the carrying of proof of registration;
m	where, and at what times, they should

ld be stationed on the premises; and

whether at least one female supervisor should be available (for example, if female customers are to be given body searches).

Door supervisors also have a role to play in ensuring public safety (see Part 2) and the prevention of public nuisance (see Part 4).

Bottle bans

Glass bottles may be used as weapons to inflict serious harm during incidents of disorder. A condition can prevent sales of drinks in glass bottles for consumption on the premises. This should be expressed in clear terms and include the following elements:

	no bottles	containing	beverages	of any kind,	whether	open of	r sealed,
shall	be given to	customers	on the pren	nises whethe	er at the l	bar or b	y staff [°]
servi	ce away fror	m the bar;					•

• no customers carrying open or sealed bottles shall be admitted to the premises at any time that the premises are open to the public (note: this needs to be carefully worded where off-sales also take place);

In appropriate circumstances, the condition could include exceptions, for example, as follows:

but bottles containing wine may be sold for consumption with a table meal by customers who are seated in an area set aside from the main bar area for the consumption of food.

Bottle bans may also be a relevant necessary measure to promote public safety (see Part 2).

Plastic containers and toughened glass

Glasses containing drinks may be used as weapons and in untoughened form, can cause very serious injuries. Where necessary, consideration should therefore be given to conditions requiring the use of safer alternatives which inflict less severe injuries. Location and style of the venue and the activities carried on there are particularly important in assessing whether a condition is necessary. For example, the use of glass containers on the terraces of some outdoor sports grounds may obviously be of concern, and similar concerns may also apply to indoor sports events such as boxing matches. Similarly, the use of plastic containers or toughened glass may be a necessary condition during the televising of live sporting events, such as international football matches, when there may be high states of excitement and emotion fuelled by alcohol.

The use of plastic or paper drinks containers and toughened glass may also be relevant as measures necessary to promote public safety (see Part 2).

Open containers not to be taken from the premises

Drinks purchased in licensed premises or clubs may be taken from those premises for consumption elsewhere. This is lawful where premises are licensed for the sale of alcohol for consumption off the premises. However, consideration should be given to a condition preventing customers from taking alcoholic and other drinks from the premises in open containers (eg glasses and opened bottles) for example, by requiring the use of bottle bins on the premises. This may again be necessary to prevent the use of these containers as offensive weapons in surrounding streets after individuals have left the premises.

Restrictions on taking open containers from the premises may also be relevant necessary measures to prevent public nuisance (see Part 4).

CCTV

The presence of CCTV cameras can be an important means of deterring and detecting crime at and immediately outside licensed premises. Conditions should not just consider a requirement to have CCTV on the premises, but also the precise sitting of each camera, the requirement to maintain cameras in working order, and to retain recordings for an appropriate period of time.

The police should provide individuals conducting risk assessments when preparing operating schedules with advice on the use of CCTV to prevent crime.

Restrictions on drinking areas

It may be necessary to restrict the areas where alcoholic drinks may be consumed in premises after they have been purchased from the bar. An example would be at a sports ground where the police consider it necessary to prevent the consumption of alcohol on the terracing during particular sports events. Conditions should not only specify these areas, but indicate the circumstances in which the ban would apply and times at which it should be enforced.

Restrictions on drinking areas may also be relevant necessary measures to prevent public nuisance (see Part 4).

Capacity limits

Capacity limits are most commonly made a condition of a licence on public safety grounds (see Part 2), but should also be considered for licensed premises or clubs where overcrowding may lead to disorder and violence. If such a condition is considered necessary, door supervisors may be needed to ensure that the numbers are appropriately controlled (see above).

Proof of age cards

It is unlawful for children under 18 to attempt to buy alcohol just as it is unlawful to sell or supply alcohol to them. To prevent these crimes, it may be necessary for certain licensed premises to require the production of "proof of age" before sales are made. The Secretary of State strongly supports the PASS accreditation system which aims to approve and accredit various proof of age schemes that are in existence. This ensures that such schemes maintain high standards, particularly in the area of integrity and security. While conditions may refer directly to PASS accredited proof of age cards, they should also allow for the production of other proof, such as photo-driving licences, student cards and passports.

Since many adults in England and Wales do not currently carry any proof of age, the wording of any condition will require careful thought. For example, many premises have adopted the "Challenge 21" or other similar initiatives.

Under the "Challenge 21" initiative those premises selling or supplying alcohol require sight of evidence of age from any person appearing to be under the age of 21 and who is attempting to buy alcohol. Making this a licensing condition would ensure that most minors — even those looking older — would need to produce appropriate proof of age before making a purchase.

Proof of age may also be relevant and necessary to protect children from harm (see Part 5).

Crime prevention notices

It may be necessary at some premises for notices to be displayed which warn customers of the prevalence of crime which may target them. Some premises may be reluctant to volunteer the display of such notices for commercial reasons. For example, in certain areas, a condition attached to a premises licence or club premises certificate might require the display of notices at the premises which warn customers about the need to be aware of pickpockets or bag snatchers, and to guard their property. Similarly, it may be necessary for notices to be displayed which advise customers not to leave bags unattended because of concerns about terrorism. Consideration could be given to a condition requiring a notice to display the name of a contact for customers if they wish to report concerns.

Drinks promotions

Licensing authorities should not attach standardised blanket conditions promoting fixed prices for alcoholic drinks to premises licences or club premises certificates in an area as this is likely to breach competition law. It is also likely to be unlawful for licensing authorities or police officers to promote voluntary arrangements of this kind as this can risk creating cartels.

However, conditions specifically designed to address irresponsible drinks promotions or discounting at individual premises may be permissible provided they are necessary for the promotion of the licensing objectives. Licensing authorities should be aware that there may often be a very fine line between responsible and irresponsible promotions. It is therefore vital that they consider these matters objectively in the context of the licensing objectives and before pursuing any form of restrictions at all, take their own legal advice.

Signage

It may be necessary for the normal hours at which licensable activities are permitted to take place under the terms of the premises licence or club premises certificate to be displayed on or immediately outside the premises so that it is clear if breaches of these terms are taking place.

Similarly, it may be necessary for any restrictions on the admission of children to be displayed on or immediately outside the premises to deter those who might seek admission in breach of those conditions.

Large capacity venues used exclusively or primarily for the "vertical" consumption of alcohol (HVVDs)

Large capacity "vertical drinking" premises, sometimes called High Volume Vertical Drinking establishments (HVVDs), are premises which have exceptionally high capacities, used primarily or exclusively for the sale and consumption of alcohol, and little or no seating for patrons.

Where necessary and appropriate, conditions can be attached to licences for these premises which require adherence to:

- · a prescribed capacity;
- an appropriate ratio of tables and chairs to customers based on the capacity; and
- the presence of security staff holding the appropriate SIA licence or exemption (see paragraphs 10.58-10.64) to control entry for the purpose of compliance with the capacity limit.

Appendix 8

Licensing Policy Adopted by the London Borough of Tower Hamlets

- 5.1 Licensed premises, especially those offering late night/early morning entertainment, alcohol and refreshment for large numbers of people, can be a source of crime and disorder problems.
- 5.4 In addition to the requirements for the Licensing Authority to promote the licensing objectives, it also has a duty under Section 17 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 to do all it reasonable can to prevent crime and disorder in the Borough.

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Agenda Item 4.2

Committee :	Date	Classification	Report No.	Agenda Item
Licensing Sub Committee	14 September 2010	Unclassified	LSC 28/011	No.

Report of Colin Perrins

Colin Perrins Title Licensing Act 2003

Head of Trading Standards and Commercial Application for New Premises Licence for Favourite Chicken Ribs, 255 Bethnal Green

Originating Officer: Road, London, E2 6AH

Licensing Officer: Andrew Heron Ward affected: Weavers

1.0 **Summary**

Applicant: Mrs Jayasakila Baskaran

Name and

Address of Premises: Favourite Chicken Ribs

255 Bethnal Green Road, London, E2 6AH

New Licence sought: Licensing Act 2003

Late Night Refreshment

Objectors: The Metropolitan Police

Environmental Health Planning Enforcement

2.0 **Recommendations**

2.1 That the Licensing Committee considers the application and objections then adjudicate accordingly.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT 2000 (Section 97) LIST OF "BACKGROUND PAPERS" USED IN THE DRAFTING OF THIS REPORT

Brief description of "background paper"

Tick if copy supplied for register

If not supplied, name and telephone number of holder

File Only

020 7364 2665

3.0 Background

3.1 This is an application for a new premises licence for Favourite Chicken Ribs – 255 Bethnal Green Road, E2 6AH.

A copy of the application is enclosed as **Appendix 1**.

3.2 The hours that have been applied for are as follows:-

The Provision of Late Night Refreshment:

describe in detail exactly what has been applied for)

•	Monday	23:00	- 01:00
•	Tuesday	23:00	- 01:00
•	Wednesday	23:00	- 01:00
•	Thursday	23:00	- 01:00
•	Friday	23:00	- 02:00
•	Saturday	23:00	- 02:00
•	Sunday	23:00	- 01:00

Hours premises is open to the public:

•	Monday	11:00 – 02:00
•	Tuesday	11:00 - 02:00
•	Wednesday	11:00 - 02:00
•	Thursday	11:00 - 02:00
•	Friday	11:00 - 04:00
•	Saturday	11:00 - 04:00
•	Sunday	11:00 - 00:00

3.3 A map showing the relevant premises is included as **Appendix 2**.

4.0 Licensing Policy and Government Advice

- 4.1 The Council has adopted a licensing policy and this is available from the Licensing Section, and at the hearing. The revised policy came into effect on the 7th January 2008.
- 4.2 Relevant Sections of the policy are brought to the attention of Members within the Licensing Officers report.
- 4.3 The Government Minister, the Secretary of State for Culture, Media and Sport has issued Guidance under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003. This is available on the Government's website, www.culture.gov.uk. It will also be available at the hearing. It was substantially revised on the 28 June 2007.
- 4.4 Relevant Sections of this advice are brought to Members attention within the Licensing Officers report. Members should note however, that in some areas Tower Hamlets, after a proper consideration of local

circumstances, has not followed the Government's advice, or has developed it further.

5.0 Objections

5.1 This hearing is required by the Licensing Act 2003, because relevant representations have been made by the following responsible authorities:

The Metropolitan Police (See Appendix 3)
Environmental Health (See Appendix 4)
Planning Enforcement (See Appendix 5)

- 5.2 The application was required to be advertised in a local newspaper and by a blue poster. Only objections that relate to the following licensing objectives are relevant:
 - the prevention of crime and disorder
 - public safety
 - the prevention of public nuisance
 - the protection of children from harm
- 5.3 Essentially, both regulatory Authorities oppose the application because the applicant has not explained how within the context of longer hours they will meet the licensing objectives, particularly:
 - the prevention of crime and disorder
 - the prevention of public nuisance.
- 5.4 There are strict time limits to any representations. The time limits are contained in The Licensing Act 2003 (Premises licences and club premises certificates) Regulations 2005.

6.0 Licensing Officer Comments

- 6.1 The Licensing Section is not a responsible authority and therefore has no ability to make any relevant representations. The following therefore is intended simply to advise Members of the relevant aspects of the Boroughs Licensing Policy, guidance from the Secretary of State, legislation and good practice. Members may depart from the Council's Licensing Policy and/or Government advice, provide they consider it appropriate to do so, and have clear reasons for their decision.
- 6.2 Guidance issued under section 182 of the licensing Act 2003
 - ❖ As stated in the guidance it is "provided for licensing authorities carrying out this their functions." It is a key mechanism for promoting best practice, ensuring consistent application and promoting fairness (1.6).

Also "so long as the guidance has been properly and carefully understood and considered, licensing authorities may depart from it if

- they have reason to do so." When doing so licensing authorities will need to give full reasons for their actions (1.7).
- Also Members should note "A Licensing Authority may depart from its own policy if the individual circumstances of any case merit such a decision in the interests of the promotion of the licensing objectives." (1.10)
- Conditions may not be imposed for the purpose other than the licensing objectives.
- ❖ Necessary conditions should emerge from a risk assessment by the applicant, which should then be reflected in the operating schedule (10.7).
- The Licensing Authority may only impose such conditions as are necessary for meeting the licensing objectives.
- ❖ It is Government policy that facilities for people and performers with disabilities should be provided at places of entertainment. (S. 10.24).
- ❖ The Government has stated "there is no general presumption in favour of lengthening licensing hours and the four licensing objectives should be paramount at all times. Where there are objections to an application and the committee believes that changing the licensing hours would undermine the licensing objectives, they may reject the application or grant it with appropriate conditions and/or different hours from those requested." (10.20)
- 6.3 The Licensing Act 2003 permits children of any age to be on the premises providing they are accompanied by an adult. It is not necessary to make this a condition.
- 6.4 In all cases the Members should make their decision on the civil burden of proof, that is "the balance of probability."
- 6.5 In all cases Members should consider whether or not primary legislation is the appropriate method of regulation and should only consider licence conditions when the circumstances in their view are not already adequately covered elsewhere.
- 6.6 The Government has advised that "In the context of preventing public nuisance it is again essential that conditions are focused on measures within the direct control of the licence holder. Conditions relating to public nuisance caused by anti-social behaviour of customers once they are beyond the control of the licence holder or premises management cannot be justified and will not serve the licensing objectives." (2.38)

- 6.7 The Council's licensing Policy generally expects applicants to address the licensing objectives and discuss how to do this with the relevant responsible authorities.
- 6.8 Members will find advice on the issues relating to conduct on the premises and egress as follows the comments of the Association of Chief Police Officers on non-standard times is also included:

Appendix 6 Licensing Officer comments on Crime and Disorder on

the Premises

Appendix 7 Licensing Officer comments on Crime and Disorder

From Patrons Leaving The Premises

Appendix 8 Licensing Officer comments on Noise While The

Premise Is In Use

Appendix 9 Licensing Officer comments on Egress Problems

Appendix 10 Planning

Appendix 11 Licensing Policy relating to hours of trading

7.0 Exemptions

- 7.1 There are a number of statutory exemptions from the operation of the Licensing Act 2003, and Members need to bear these in mind.
- 7.2 Acts of religious worship, wherever performed are not licensable.
- 7.3 Section 177, (1) and (2) of the Act provides that where a premises (or club) is licensed for alcohol consumption on the premises and is primarily thus used, and the permitted capacity does not exceed 200, additional conditions relating to the music should only relate to public safety or the prevention of crime (or both). That is they should not relate to any "noise nuisance."
- 7.4 Section 177 (4) provides that where a premises licence (or club) has a capacity of not more than 200 and the only music is unamplified live music between 08 00 hrs and midnight, no additional conditions should be set relating to the music.
- 7.5 Section 177 can be disapplied on a licence review if it is proportionate to do so.

- 8.0 Legal Comments
- 8.1 The Council's legal officer will give advice at the hearing.
- 9.0 Finance Comments
- 9.1 There are no financial implications in this report.

10.0 Appendices

Appendix 1	Copy of existing licence.
Appendix 2	Maps of the area (see also non standard times)
Appendix 3	Representations of the Metropolitan Police
Appendix 4	Representations of Environmental Health
Appendix 5	Representation of Planning Enforcement
Appendix 6	Licensing Officer comments on Crime and Disorder on the Premises
Appendix 7	Licensing Officer comments on Crime and Disorder From Patrons Leaving The Premises
Appendix 8	Licensing Officer comments on Noise While The Premise Is In Use
Appendix 9	Licensing Officer comments on Egress Problems
Appendix 10	Planning
Appendix 11	Licensing Policy relating to hours of trading

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Appendix 1

Application for a premises licence to be granted under the Licensing Act 2003

PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Before completing this form please read the guidance notes at the end of the form. If you are completing this form by hand please write legibly in block capitals. In all cases ensure that your answers are inside the boxes and written in black ink. Use additional sheets if necessary.

You may wish to keep a copy of the completed form for your records.

I/We MRS JEYASAKILA BASKARAN (Insert name(s) of applicant) apply for a premises licence under section 17 of the Licensing Act 2003 for the premises described in Part 1 below (the premises) and I/we are making this application to you as the relevant licensing authority in accordance with section 12 of the Licensing Act 2003 Part 1 – Premises Details									
Po	Postal address of premises or, if none, ordnance survey map reference or description								
1	FAVOURITE CHICKEN RIBS								
25	5 BETH	NAL GREEN ROAD							
Po	st town	LONDON		Post code	E2 6AH				
Tel	Telephone number at premises (if any)				3				
1		stic rateable value of premises	£12750		TRANING	JIII STANDARDS			
			212100	DECERTIFICATION OF THE PARTY OF		<u>- IMNUARUS</u> IUN 2010			
Par	rt 2 - Ap	pplicant Details		- America established		IOIA SAM			
Ple	ase stat	te whether you are applying for a	a premises l Ple	icence ease tic	as k yes	NSING .			
a)	an inc	dividual or individuals *		\boxtimes	please comple	ete section (A)			
b)	a pers	son other than an individual *			·	()			
	i. a	as a limited company			please comple	ete section (B)			
		is a partnership			please comple	te section (B)			
		s an unincorporated association			please comple	te section (B)			
~)		ther (for example a statutory cor	poration)		please comple	te section (B)			
c)		gnised club 			please comple	te section (B)			
d)	a char	ity		please complet	te section (B)				

e)	the proprietor	of an e	educational es	tablishn	nent		please comp	lete section (B)	
f)	a health service	e bod	y				please comp	lete section (B)	
g)	a person who Care Standard independent h	ls Act	2000 (c14) in				please comp	elete section (B)	
h)	the chief office England and V	er of po		e force i	in		please comp	lete section (B)	
* If y	* If you are applying as a person described in (a) or (b) please confirm:								
•	 I am carrying on or proposing to carry on a business which involves the use of the premises for licensable activities; or I am making the application pursuant to a 								
•	•		nction or	uant to	a			Γ	7
			lischarged by	virtue o	f Her Maje	esty's	prerogative]
(A) I	(A) INDIVIDUAL APPLICANTS (fill in as applicable)								
Mr	Mrs [\boxtimes	Miss	N	∕ls □	1	er Title (for nple, Rev)		
	name				First na				
	KARAN			×	JEYASA	KILA	<u> </u>		
ıam	18 years old c	or ove			·			se tick yes	
addr	ent postal ress if different premises ress	t	NO:3 LATIMER AV EAST HAM	ENUE					
Post	Town LONE	ON					Postcode	E6 2LQ	
Dayt	ime contact te	lepho	ne number					<u> </u>	
	ail address onal)								
SECOND INDIVIDUAL APPLICANT (if applicable)									
Mr	Mrs [Miss	٨	⁄ls 🗌		r Title (for nple, Rev)		
Surn	ame				First na	mes		-1	
l am	am 18 years old or over Please tick yes								

Current post address if di from premis address	ifferent				
Post Town		L. C.		Postcode	
Daytime con	tact tel	ephone number			
E-mail addre (optional)	ess				
(B) OTHER A	APPLICA	ANTS			
please give a	any regi	stered number. In	nddress of applicant In the case of a partno give the name and a	ership or othe	r joint venture
Name					
Address					
Registered nu	ımber (v	vhere applicable)			
Description of	f applica	nt (for example, pa	rtnership, company, u	nincorporated a	association etc.)
Telephone nu	mber (if	any)			
E-mail addres	s (optio	nal)			
Part 3 Operat	ting Sch	nedule			
When do you	want the	e premises licence t	to start?	Day [1] 1]	Month Year 0 7 2 0 1 0
If you wish the you want it to	e licence end?	to be valid only for	a limited period, wher	n do Day	Month Year

Please give a general description of the premises (please read guidance note1) Please refer to the enclosed plan.						
	000 or more people are expected to attend the premises at any time, please state the number expected to attend.					
Wha	at licensable activities do you intend to carry on from the premise	es?				
	ase see sections 1 and 14 of the Licensing Act 2003 and Schednsing Act 2003)	ules 1 and 2 to the				
Pro	vision of regulated entertainment	Please tick yes				
a)	plays (if ticking yes, fill in box A)					
b)	films (if ticking yes, fill in box B)					
c)	indoor sporting events (if ticking yes, fill in box C)					
d)	boxing or wrestling entertainment (if ticking yes, fill in box D)					
e)	live music (if ticking yes, fill in box E)					
f)	recorded music (if ticking yes, fill in box F)					
g)	performances of dance (if ticking yes, fill in box G)					
h)	anything of a similar description to that falling within (e), (f) or (g) (if ticking yes, fill in box H)	g)				
Prov	vision of entertainment facilities:					
i)	making music (if ticking yes, fill in box I)					
j)	dancing (if ticking yes, fill in box J)					
k)	entertainment of a similar description to that falling within (i) or (if ticking yes, fill in box K)	(j)				
Prov	rision of late night refreshment (if ticking yes, fill in box L)					
Sup	oly of alcohol (if ticking yes, fill in box M)					
In al	cases complete boxes N, O and P					

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Tue			Please give further details here (please read guidance note 3)		
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Thur			State any seasonal variations for entertainment description to that falling within (e), (f) or (g) (guidance note 4)		
Fri					
Sat			Non standard timings. Where you intend to us for the entertainment of a similar description to within (e), (f) or (g) at different times to those lice column on the left, please list (please read guid	o that falling isted in the	<u>!S</u>
Sun					

I

Provision of facilities		-::::4:				
for making music Standard days and timings (please read guidance note 6)		sic and read	Please give a description of the facilities for n will be providing	naking music	you	
			Will the facilities for making music be indoors or outdoors or both – please tick	Indoors		
	1	Υ	(please read guidance note 2)	Outdoors		
Day	Start	Finish		Both		
Mon	~		Please give further details here (please read gu	idance note 3)	<u> </u>	
Tue						
Wed			State any seasonal variations for the provision making music (please read guidance note 4)	of facilities for	<u>or</u>	
Thur						
Fri			Non standard timings. Where you intend to use for provision of facilities for making music at d those listed in the column on the left, please list	ifferent times	to I	
Sat			guidance note 5)		e de en	
Sun						

J

					
for da	ion of fac ncing ard days a		Will the facilities for dancing be indoors or outdoors or both – please tick (see guidance note 2)	Indoors	
timings	(please	read	note 2)	Outdoors	
guidan	ce note 6)		Both	
		O CARACTER STATE OF THE STATE O	Please give a description of the facilities for da	ancing you wi	II be
Day	Start	Finish	providing		
Mon			Please give further details here (please read gui	idance note 3)	
Tue			(picace icad gai	idente note of	
Wed			State any seasonal variations for providing dar (please read guidance note 4)	ncing facilities	<u> </u>
Thur					
Fri			Non standard timings. Where you intend to use for the provision of facilities for dancing enterta different times to those listed in the column on	ainment at	
Sat			<u>list</u> (please read guidance note 5)		
Sun					

of entert	ainment facil	ity
ors or read	Indoors	
rcaa	Outdoors	
	Both	
Please give further details here (please read guidance note 3)		
rovision	of facilities	
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	rovisior o that for o that for o that for o that for o that for	read Outdoors Both

L

Standa	ight refre ard days a s (please	and	Will the provision of late night refreshment take place indoors or outdoors or both – please tick (please read guidance note 2)	Indoors	
	ice note 6		product (product road gardanies note 2)	Outdoors	\boxtimes
Day	Start	Finish		Both	П
Mon	23:00	01:00	Please give further details here (please read gu	iidance note 3)	
Tue	23:00	01:00			
Wed	23:00	01:00	State any seasonal variations for the provision refreshment (please read guidance note 4)	of late night	
Thur	23:00	01:00			
Fri	23:00	02:00	Non standard timings. Where you intend to us for the provision of late night refreshment at d those listed in the column on the left, please list	<u>ifferent times,</u>	to
Sat	23:00	02:00	guidance note 5)		
Sun	23:00	01:00			

M

Supply of alcohol Standard days and timings (please read			Will the supply of alcohol be for consumption (Please tick box) (please read quidance note 7)	On the premises	
guidance note 6)				Off the premises	
Day	Start	Finish		Both	
Mon			State any seasonal variations for the supply of read guidance note 4) N/A	f alcohol (plea	ise
Tue					
Wed					
Thur	~~~~		Non standard timings. Where you intend to use the premises for the supply of alcohol at different times to those listed in the column on the left, please list (please read guidance note 5)		
Fri			N/A	•	
Sat					
Sun					
State the name and details of the individual whom you wish to specify on the licence as premises supervisor					
Name					
Address					
Postcode (ff)					
Personal Licence number (if known)					
Issuing licensing authority (if known)					

Ν

Please highlight any adult entertainment or services, activities, other entertainment or matters ancillary to the use of the premises that may give rise to concern in respect of children (please read guidance note 8)

None.

0

Hours premises are open to the public Standard days and timings (please read guidance note 6)			State any seasonal variations (please read guidance note 4) N/A
Day	Start	Finish	
Mon	11:00	02:00	
Tue	11:00	02:00	
Wed	11:00	02:00	Non standard timings. Where you intend the premises to be
Thur	11:00	02:00	open to the public at different times from those listed in the column on the left, please list (please read guidance note 5) N/A
Fri	11:00	04:00	
Sat	11:00	04:00	
Sun	11:00	00:00	

P Describe the steps you intend to take to promote the four licensing objectives:

a) General – all four licensing objectives (b,c,d,e) (please read guidance note 9)

The standard practices listed below will be maintained at all times. All reasonable steps will be taken to ensure that the premises will have a positive impact upon the local environment and its residents at all times.

b) The prevention of crime and disorder

Any incidents of a criminal nature that may occur on the premises will be reported to the Police. Toilets shall be checked an average of two hourly while the premises are open to the public to deter the use of drugs. Details of checks shall be documented and made available to Police on request.

The Licensee will install comprehensive CCTV coverage at the premises and it is operated and maintained at the premises.

The CCTV system shall conform to the following points:

- 1. Cameras must be sited to observe the entrance and exit doors both inside and outside.
- 2. Cameras on the entrances must capture full frame shots of the heads and shoulders of all people entering the premises i.e. capable of identification.
- Cameras viewing till areas must capture frames not less than 50% of screen.
- 4. Cameras overlooking floor areas should be wide angled to give an overview of the premises.
- 5. Be capable of visually confirming the nature of the crime committed.
- 6. Provide a linked record of the date, time and place of any image.
- 7. Provide good quality images –colour during opening times.
- 8. Operate under existing light levels within and outside the premises.
- 9. Have the recording device located in a secure area or locked cabinet.
- 10. Have a monitor to review images and recorded picture quality.
- 11. Be regularly maintained to ensure continuous quality of image capture retention.
- 12. Have signage displayed in the customer area to advise that CCTV is in operation.
- 13. Digital images must be kept for 31 days.
- 14. Police will have access to images at any reasonable time.
- 15. The equipment must have a suitable export method, e. G. CD/DVD writer so that the police can make an evidential copy of the data they require. This data should be in the native file format, to ensure that no image quality is lost when making the copy, if this format is non-standard (i.e. manufacturer proprietary) then the manufacturer should supply the replay software to ensure that the video on the CD can be replayed by the police on a standard computer. Copies must be made available to Police on request.

c) Public safety			
Appropriate fire safety procedures are in place including fire extinguishers (foam, H20 and CO2), fire blanket, internally illuminated fire exit signs, numerous smoke detectors and emergency lighting (see enclosed plan for details of locations). All appliances are inspected annually.			
 All emergency exits shall be kept free from obstruction at all times.			
d) The prevention of public nuisance			
All customers will be asked to leave quietly.	***************************************		
Clear and legible notices will be prominently displayed to remind customers to leave quietly have regard to our neighbours.	y and		
e) The protection of children from harm			
A suitably worded sign of sufficient size and clarity must be displayed at the point of entry to premise and in a suitable location at the point of sale, advising customers caution for hot for and drink.	o the		
Please tick	k yes		
 I have made or enclosed payment of the fee 	\boxtimes		
I have enclosed the plan of the premises	\boxtimes		
 I have sent copies of this application and the plan to responsible authorities and others where applicable 	\boxtimes		
 I have enclosed the consent form completed by the individual I wish to be premises supervisor, if applicable 			
 I understand that I must now advertise my application 	\boxtimes		
• I understand that if I do not comply with the above requirements my application will be rejected			

IT IS AN OFFENCE, LIABLE ON CONVICTION TO A FINE UP TO LEVEL 5 ON THE STANDARD SCALE, UNDER SECTION 158 OF THE LICENSING ACT 2003 TO MAKE A FALSE STATEMENT IN OR IN CONNECTION WITH THIS APPLICATION

Part 4 – Signatures (please read guidance note 10)

Signature of applicant or applicant's solicitor or other duly authorised agent (See guidance note 11). If signing on behalf of the applicant please state in what capacity.

Signature	5.5
Date	10 JUNE 2010
Capacity	Agent for the Applicant

For joint applications signature of 2nd applicant or 2nd applicant's solicitor or other authorised agent. (please read guidance note 12). If signing on behalf of the applicant please state in what capacity.

Signature	
Date	
Capacity	

Contact name (where not previously given) and postal address for correspondence associated with this application (please read guidance note 13) Jun Simon

ADA Group

167 Stoke Newington Road

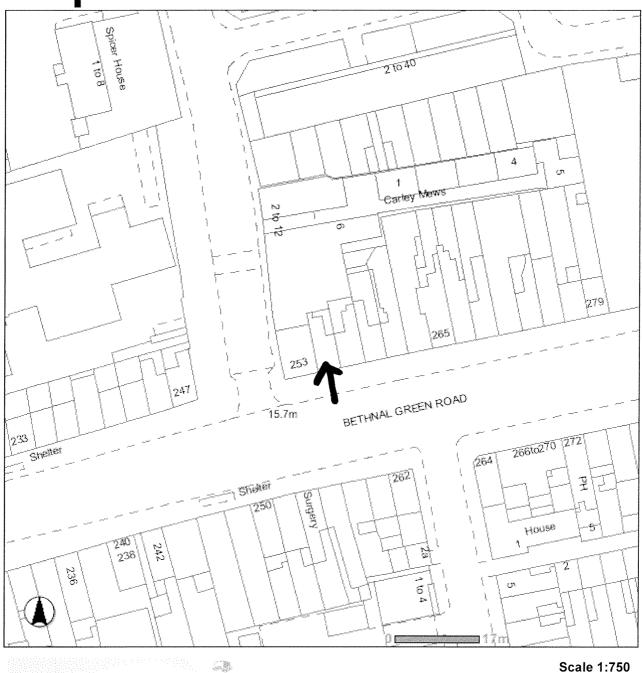
Post town London		Post code	N16 8BP			
Telephone number (if any)	0845 200 8424					
If you would prefer us to correspond with you by e-mail your e-mail address (ont						

Notes for Guidance

- 1. Describe the premises. For example the type of premises, its general situation and layout and any other information which could be relevant to the licensing objectives. Where your application includes off-supplies of alcohol and you intend to provide a place for consumption of these off-supplies you must include a description of where the place will be and its proximity to the premises.
- 2. Where taking place in a building or other structure please tick as appropriate. Indoors may include a tent.
- 3. For example the type of activity to be authorised, if not already stated, and give relevant further details, for example (but not exclusively) whether or not music will be amplified or unamplified.
- 4. For example (but not exclusively), where the activity will occur on additional days during the summer months.
- 5. For example (but not exclusively), where you wish the activity to go on longer on a particular day e.g. Christmas Eve.

GIS viewer - Map

Map



Map of: Notes:

255 Bethnal Green Road

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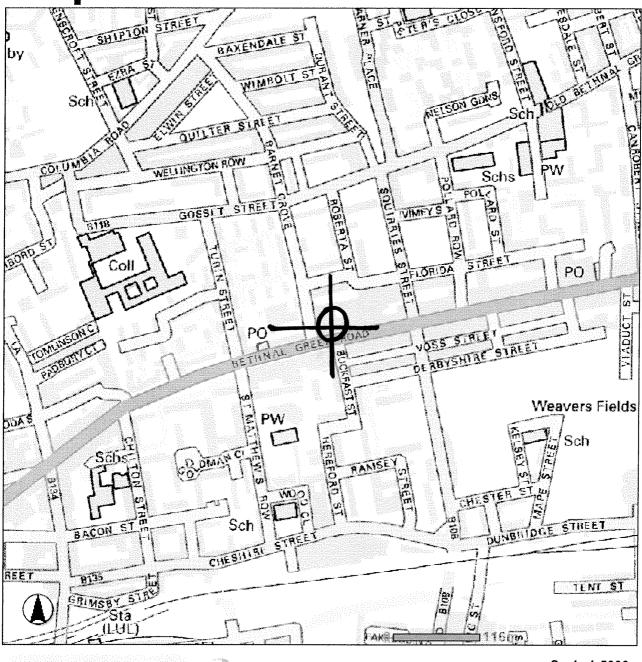
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GIS viewer - Map Page 1 of 1

Map



Scale 1:5000

Map of

Notes:

255 Bethnal Green Road

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Licence Number: LA100019288

TERRITORIAL POLICING

LBTH Licensing Mulberry Place (AH) 5 Clove Crescent **HT - Tower Hamlets Borough**

Licensing Office
Bethnal Green Police Station
12 Victoria Park Square
Bethnal Green
E2 9NZ

Telephone: 0208 217 6699

Facsimile:

Email: Alan.Cruickshank@met.police.uk

www.met.police.uk

Your ref: Our ref: 8 July 2010

Dear Ms Randall

Re: The application for a premises licence Favourite Chicken Ribs, 255 Bethnal Green Road, E2 6AH

I write with reference to the above application which was received in this office on the 16th of June 2010

Please accept this letter as notification that the police as a responsible authority wish to object to this application on the following licensing objective

The prevention of crime and disorder The prevention of public nuisance

There are no other late night eateries within the immediate vicinity that are open until the time requested.

Although Bethnal Green Road has a number of licensed premises all along the street, it still has a considerable residential population. The night time economy has to be balanced between the needs of local businesses and the welfare of the nearby residents.

The application to remain open until 4am for late night refreshments in my opinion is excessive and would certainly have a detrimental effect on the local residents. The rest of the hours applied for are also excessive and does not take into consideration the welfare of the local residents.

Also of concern, is that the late night refreshments requested does not match the closing hours. For example, the refreshments requested for Friday and Saturday is up to 2am. The closing hours requested is 4am. What will their customers be doing for two hours after the last meal is served. I believe this can only increase the potential for ASB.

It is unfortunate but late night eateries often attract people who are either under the influence of alcohol who can be very loud or it can attract people who are either antisocial or violent. With the best will in the world, it is difficult for staff to stop the noise or the potential ASB

On the 29/01/10, Bethnal Green Police Licensing Unit and LBTH Licensing made a number of visits to late night eateries, one of which was Favourite Chicken. They entered at 23.30 and hot food and drinks were still being served. As they had no licence, this activity should have stopped at 2300. A warning letter was later sent by LBTH Licensing.

I believe if any further late licences are granted until the early hours of the morning it will lead to further applications from nearby eateries which would be of great concern to the local residents and the police. Tower Hamlets has many late night eateries, even in this stretch of the road and adding another one would only compound ASB and public nuisance.

I ask the committee to reject the application.

If however the committee is to grant the application I would like them to consider the following times

Late night refreshments: Mon - Sat 2300 - midnight

Sun to remain at 11pm

Opening Hours

Mon -Sat 1100 - midnight Sun to remain at 11pm

I would also like them to consider the following condition

CCTV

The CCTV system shall incorporate a recording facility and any recordings shall be retained and stored in a suitable and secure manner for a minimum of 31 days. A system shall be in place to maintain the quality of the recorded image and a complete audit trail maintained. The system will comply with other essential legislation, and all signs as required will be clearly displayed. The system will be maintained and fully operational throughout the hours that the premises are open for any licensable activity. There must also be someone on the premises, who can download the images and present them immediately on request by a police officer or other responsible authority.

Alan Cruickshank PC 189HT

Nick Kemp

From: Jacq

Jacqueline Randall

Sent:

05 July 2010 17:38

To:

Nick Kemp

Subject: FW: 255 Bethnal Green Road

Jackie Randall Acting Licensing Services Manager

London Borough of Tower Hamlets Licensing Section Mulberry Place (AH) PO Box 55739 2 Clove Crescent London E14 1BY

Tele: 0207 364 5109/5008

Fax: 0207 364 0863

From: Alkesh Solanki Sent: 05 July 2010 16:42 To: Jacqueline Randall

Cc: 'Alan.Cruickshank@met.pnn.police.uk'; Cain Duncan; Derrick Harrington; Iain Pendrigh

Subject: 255 Bethnal Green Road

I object to to this application on the grounds that public nuisance objective will not be met.

There are residential properties adjoining and surrounding the business. I do not believe that a late licence would protect the local amenity. The impact of having a late night eating establishment in a location where residential properties have had the quiet solitude of no commercial activities beyond 11pm in the majority of cases would be potentially detrimental.

Further to the business being located next to mixed residential and commercial properties, the majority of the side streets in the locality are purely residential, for example:

- Buckfast Street (37 metres away);
- Barnet Grove (52 metres away);
- Florida Street (62 metres away);
- Roberta Street (89 metres away);
- Squirres Street (117 metres away);
- Turin Street(118 metres away);

0 = /0 = /0 0 1 0

- St Matthews Row (121 metres away); and
- Granby Street (130 metres away).

The potential for public nuisance is high. The customers that frequent this fast food establishment after 11pm and up to 2am during the week, 4am during the weekend are likely to have had a night out and be in high spirits. I cannot see how the licensing objective for prevention of public nuisance can be met by the applicant

especially when their customers are off the site and on their way to their next destination. I am not even in acceptance of their Sunday proposal of closing at midnight. This can be highlighted to fact that 255 Bethnal Green Road has planning permission to operate only to the following hours:

Hours - 9am - midnight Monday - Saturday 9am - 11pm Sunday

Further to which, the submission by the applicant to describe the steps to promote the licensing objective of the prevention of public nuisance was only two fold:

- 1. ALL CUSTOMERS WILL BE ASKED TO LEAVE QUIETLY; &
- 2. CLEAR AND LEGIBLE NOTICES WILL BE PROMINENTLY DISPLAYED

I am keen to seek clarification as to how the applicant believes that his submission will assist in preventing public nuisance. I have attempted to contact the applicant via the agent Jun Simon (ADA Group) alas to no avail.

My objection still stands.

Alkesh Solanki Area Team North, Environmental Protection

> alkesh.solanki@towerhamlets.gov.uk 020 7364 6518

London Borough of Tower Hamlets 4th Floor | Anchorage House | 2 Clove Crescent London | E14 2BE Click here for map



To

Licensing Department

From

Planning Enforcement

Contact

Thomas Doyle

Extension

5204

Date

02/07/2010

Our Ref.

Your Ref.

Subject

Licensing Objection

Development & Renewal Directorate

Planning Enforcement Mulberry Place (AH) PO Box 55739 5 Clove Crescent London E14 1BY

Tel

020 7364 5204

Fax 020 7364 5415

e-mail thomas.doyle@towerhamlets.gov.uk

Objection to Premises License, 255 Bethnal Green Road, London, E2 6AH

The Planning Department wishes to object to the granting of a new premises License at 255 Bethnal Green Road on the basis that the opening hours are excessive. Approving these hours will result in a greater degree of noise and disturbance to persons living in the area, later into the night and morning than already being caused by this venue and others in the near vicinity.

We accept that business performs an important function in supporting a night time economy. However, this has to balance against the needs of residents who reasonably expect a level of "quiet" late into the evening. Due to the properties close proximity to residential dwellings the granting of new premises license until 2.00am on Mondays to Thursdays and until 4.00am on Fridays and Saturdays would be detrimental to the amenity of the neighbouring properties.

As an aside from this, the premise only has planning permission to operate as a hot food take-away between the following hours:

- a) Mondays to Saturdays 09.00am to midnight
- b) Sundays 09.00am to 11.00pm

Public Nuisance

Reference should be made to the Council's Licensing Policy and the framework hours for the operation of Licensed Premises. It states that more scrutiny should be given to premises operating past midnight on Friday and Saturdays, past 11.30pm on Mondays to Thursdays and past 10.30pm on Sundays. In particular the following points should be taken into consideration.

The location of the premises and the general character of the area in which the
premises are situated. (i.e. does the area include residential or business premises
likely to be adversely affected).

- The proposed hours during which licensable activities will be take place and the proposed hours during which customers will be permitted to remain on the premises.
- The adequacy of the applicant's proposals to address the issues of (a) the prevention of crime and disorder and (b) the prevention of public nuisance.
- Where the premises have been previously licensed, the past operation of the premises.
- Whether customers have access to public transport when arriving at or leaving the premises at night time and in the early hours of the morning.
- The proximity of the premises to other licensed premises in the vicinity and the hours of those other premises.

The location of 255 Bethnal Green Road is in an area where residential properties are likely to be adversely affected by noise from patrons leaving the venue.

Conclusion

Planning Enforcement **do not** support the application by 255 Bethnal Green Road to extend their opening hours, as this will cause a serious public nuisance to surrounding residential occupiers far later into the evening and morning then what currently occurs.

The application for a new Premises License hours is unreasonable and will not maintain a balance between commercial activities and residential amenity in an area where this is clearly required.

Thomas Doyle Planning Enforcement Officer

Crime and Disorder on the Premises

Licensing Policy

The Licensing Authority expects the applicant to have addressed all crime and disorder issues relating to the premises in their operating schedule and to have sought appropriate advice. (See Sections 5.2. of the Licensing Policy)

The Licensing Authority will consider attaching conditions to deter crime and disorder and these may include conditions drawn from the Model Pool of Conditions relating to Crime and Disorder. (See Appendix 2 Annex D of the Licensing Policy). In particular Members may wish to consider (this list is not exhaustive):

- Methods of management communication
- Use of registered Door Supervisors
- Bottle Bans
- Plastic containers
- CCTV
- · Restrictions on open containers for "off sales"
- Restrictions on drinking areas
- Capacity
- · Proof of Age scheme
- Crime prevention notices
- Drinks promotions-aimed at stopping irresponsible promotions
- Signage
- Seating plans
- Capacity

If Members believe that there is a substantial problem of anti-social behaviour and it cannot be proportionately addressed by licensing conditions they should refuse the application.

Police Powers

The Licensing Act 2003, Part 8 gives a senior police officer the power to close a premises for up to 24 hours where the officer believes there is, or is likely to be disorder on or in the vicinity and closure is necessary in the interests of public safety.

Guidance Issued under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003. The pool of conditions, adopted by the council is recommended (Annexe D).

The key role of the police is acknowledged (2.2).

Conditions attached to licences cannot seek to manage the behaviour of customers once they are beyond the direct management of the licence holder and their staff or agents, but can directly impact on the behaviour of

customers on, or in the immediate vicinity of the premises as they seek entry or leave (2.4).

Conditions are best targeted on deterrence and preventing crime and disorder (S.2.6) communication, CCTV, police liaison, no glasses, capacity limits are all relevant (S.2.7-2.11).

Guidance Issued under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003

Conditions can be imposed for large capacity "vertical consumption" premises (10.43).

Guidance Issued by the Office of Fair Trading This relates to attempts to control minimum prices

Other Legislation

The Council has a duty under Section 17 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 to do all it reasonably can to prevent crime and disorder.

Crime and Disorder From Patrons Leaving The Premises

General Advice

Members need to bear in mind that once patrons have left a premises they are no longer under direct control. Members will need to be satisfied that there is a link between the way the premises is operating and the behaviour that is complained of. An example of this would be that irresponsible drinking is being encouraged. Before deciding that any particular licensing conditions are proportionate, Members will also need to be satisfied that other legislation is not a more effective route. For example, if the problem is drinking in the street it may be that the Council should designate the area as a place where alcohol cannot be consumed in public.

Members may also wish to consider whether the hours of opening relate to any problems of anti-social behaviour.

If Members believe that there is a substantial problem of anti-social behaviour and it cannot be proportionately addressed by licensing conditions they should refuse the application.

Licensing Policy

The policy recognises that other legislation or measures may be more appropriate but also states that licensing laws are "a key aspect of such control and will always be part of an overall approach to the management of the evening and night time economy." Other controls need to be bourne in mind. (See Section 4.10 and 4.11 of the Licensing Policy).

 The Licensing Authority will consider attaching conditions to deter crime and disorder and these may include Conditions drawn from the Model Poll of Conditions relating to Crime and Disorder. (See Appendix 2 Annex D of the Licensing Policy.

Police Powers

The Licensing Act 2003, Part 8 gives a senior police officer the power to close a premises for up to 24 hours where the officer believes there is, or is likely to be disorder on or in the vicinity and closure is necessary in the interests of public.

Guidance Issued under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003. The pool of conditions, adopted by the council is recommended (Annexe D). The key role of the police is acknowledged (2.2).

Conditions attached to licences cannot seek to manage the behaviour of customers once they are beyond the direct management of the licence holder and their staff or agents, but can directly impact on the behaviour of customers on, or in the immediate vicinity of the premises as they seek entry or leave (2.4).

Conditions are best targeted on deterrence and preventing crime and disorder (S.2.6) communication, CCTV, police liaison, no glasses, capacity limits are all relevant (S.2.7-2.11).

Conditions can be imposed for large capacity "vertical consumption" premises (10.43).

There is also guidance issued around the heading of "public nuisance as follows

The pool of conditions, adopted by the council is recommended (Annexe G). Licence conditions should not duplicate other legislation (1.16).

Necessary and appropriate conditions should normally focus on the most sensitive periods and may address disturbance as customers enter or leave the premises (2.36) but it is essential that conditions are focused on measures within the direct control of the licence holder" (2.38). Conditions relating to behaviour once they are beyond the control of the licence holder cannot be justified. (2.38)

Other Legislation

Crime and Disorder Act 1998

The Council has a duty under Section 17 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 to do all it reasonably can to prevent crime and disorder.

The Act also introduced a wide range of measures designed to address antisocial behaviour committed by adults and young people. These include:

- Anti-Social Behaviour Orders
- Child Curfew Schemes
- Truancy
- Parenting Orders
- Reparation Orders
- Tackling Racism

Noise while the premise is in use

General Advice

If they conclude this is a problem Members should consider whether it is possible to carry out suitable and proportionate noise control measures so that noise leakage is prevented. In addition Members may consider that only certain activities are suitable.

The hours of operation also need to be considered (see below).

If Members believe that there is a substantial problem of noise while the premises are in use and it cannot be proportionately address by licensing conditions they should refuse the application.

Licensing Policy

The policy recognises that noise nuisance can be an issue, especially if a premises is open late at night. (See Sections 8.1 of the Licensing Policy).

While all applications will be considered on their merits, consideration will be given to imposing stricter conditions in respect of noise control where premises are situated close to local residents. (See Section 12.11).

The Licensing Authority expects the applicant to have addressed all nuisance issues relating to the premises in their operating schedule and to have sought appropriate advice from the Council's Environmental Health Officers. (See Section 8.2 of the Licensing Policy).

The Licensing Authority will consider attaching conditions to prevent nuisance and these may include Conditions drawn from the Model Poll of Conditions relating to Crime and Disorder. (See Appendix 2 Annex D of the Licensing Policy). In particular Members may wish to consider (this list is not exhaustive):

- hours of opening (this needs to be balanced against potential disorder caused by artificially early closing times
- Whether certain parts should close earlier than the rest (for example a "beer garden", or restricted in their use
- Whether or not certain activities should have to close at an early hour, for example live music
- Conditions controlling noise or vibration (for example, noise limiters, keeping doors and windows closed).
- Prominent clear and legible notices at all exits requesting the public to respect the needs of local residents and leave the premises and area quietly
- Conditions controlling the use of explosives, pyrotechnics and fireworks

- Conditions controlling the placing of refuse
- · Conditions controlling noxious smells
- Conditions controlling lighting (this needs to be balanced against potential crime prevention benefits)

Police Powers

Part 8 of the Licensing Act 2003 enables a senior police officer to close down a premises for up to 24 hrs. a premises causing a nuisance resulting from noise emanating from the premises.

Guidance Issued under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003

The Licensing Policy has adopted the recommended Pool of Conditions as permitted (13.20 and Annex D).

The prevention of public nuisance could include low-level nuisance, perhaps affecting a few people living locally as well as major disturbance affecting the whole community (2.33).

Licence conditions should not duplicate other legislation (1.16).

Necessary and appropriate conditions should normally focus on the most sensitive periods (2.36) and may address disturbance as customers enter or leave the premises but it is essential that conditions are focused on measures within the direct control of the licence holder (2.38).

Other Legislation

The Environmental Protection Act 1990, Part 111 gives Environmental Health Officers the power to deal with statutory nuisances.

The Anti-social Behaviour Act 2003, Sections 40 and 41 give Environmental Health Officers the power of closure up to 24 hours in certain circumstances.

Access and Egress problems

Such as:

Disturbance from patrons arriving/leaving the premises on foot Disturbance from patrons arriving/leaving the premises by car Lack of adequate car parking facilities Close proximity to residential properties

Comment

The above have been grouped together as egress problems. Of course the particular facts will be different for each alleged problem.

General Advice

In considering concerns relating to disturbance from egress, Members need to be satisfied that the premises under consideration has been identified as the source of the actual or potential disturbance. If they are satisfied that this is a problem, then proportionate conditions should be considered.

The hours of operation also need to be considered.

If Members believe that there is a substantial problem concerning egress and it cannot be proportionately addressed by licensing conditions, they should refuse the application.

Licensing Policy

The policy recognises that noise nuisance can be an issue, especially if a premises is open late at night. (See Sections 8.1 of the Licensing Policy).

The Licensing Authority expects the applicant to have addressed all nuisance issues relating to the premises in their operating schedule and to have sought appropriate advice from the Council's Environmental Health Officers. (See Section 8.2 of the Licensing Policy).

However, while all applications will be considered on their merits, consideration will be given to imposing stricter conditions in respect of noise control where premises are situated close to local residents. (**See Section 12.10**)

The Licensing Authority will consider attaching conditions to prevent nuisance and these may include Conditions drawn from the Model Poll of Conditions relating to the prevention of Public Nuisance. (See Appendix 2 Annex G of the Licensing Policy). In particular Members may wish to consider (this list is not exhaustive):

 hours of opening (this needs to be balanced against potential disorder caused by artificially early closing times

- Whether certain parts should close earlier than the rest (for example a "beer garden", or restricted in their use
- Whether or not certain activities should have to close at an early hour, for example live music
- Conditions controlling noise or vibration (for example, noise limiters, keeping doors and windows closed).
- Prominent clear and legible notices at all exits requesting the public to respect the needs of local residents and leave the premises and area quietly

Guidance Issued under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003

The pool of conditions, adopted by the council is recommended (Annex G). The prevention of public nuisance could include low-level nuisance, perhaps affecting a few people living locally as well as major disturbance affecting the whole community. (2.33).

Licence conditions should not duplicate other legislation (1.16).

Necessary and appropriate conditions should normally focus on the most sensitive periods and may address disturbance as customers enter or leave the premises (2.36) but it is essential that conditions are focused on measures within the direct control of the licence holder" (2.38).

In certain circumstances conditions relating to noise in the immediate vicinity of the premises may also prove necessary to address any disturbance anticipated as customers enter and leave (2.36).

However, it is essential that conditions are focused on measures within the direct control of the licence holder. Conditions relating to behaviour once they are beyond the control of the licence holder cannot be justified. (2.38)

Planning

An application for a Premises Licence can be made in respect of a premises even where the premises does not have relevant Planning Permission. That application has to be considered and Members can only refuse the application where the application itself does not promote one of more of the Licensing Objectives. Members cannot refuse just because there is no planning permission. Where a Premises Licence is granted and which exceeds what is allowed by the Planning Permission and that Premises then operates in breach of planning then the operator would be liable to enforcement by Planning.

Licensing Policy relating to hours of trading

All applications have to be considered on their own merits.

The Council has however adopted a set of framework hours as follows

Sunday to Thursday 06 00 hrs to 23 30 hrs Friday and Saturday 06 00 hrs to midnight

(see 12.8 Of the licensing policy)

In considering the applicability of frame work hours to any particular application regard should be had to the following

- Location
- Proposed hours of regulated activities, and the proposed hours the premises are open to the public
- The adequacy of the applicants proposals to deal with issues of crime and disorder and public nuisance
- Previous history
- Access to public transport
- Proximity to other licensed premises, and their hours

(see 12.8 of the licensing policy)

Subject to any representations to the contrary in individual cases the following premises are not generally considered to contribute to late night anti-social behaviour and will therefore generally have greater freedom

- Theatres
- Cinemas
- Premises with club premises certificates
- Premises licensed for off sales only

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